Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXIX. NO. 9149. PORTLAND, OREGON. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1890. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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—SOLE AGENTS—

J. E. Cutter Whiskies!

Pommery Sec Champagne. Fine Heidsic Champagne.

Val Blatz Weiner Beer. White Rock Mineral Water.

G. SHINDLER FURNITURE CO.

Portland, Or.

Wholesale Manufacturers Office, School, Lodge Furniture, Opera Chairs, Welch Folding Beds, whole Bedroom Set in one piece; Hotel Furnishing a specialty; Mantels, Doors, Interior Work made to order from special designs.

Warerooms, 166 First st., through block 200 feet to 167 and 169 Front st.

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Portland, Oregon.

KELLY DUNNE & CO.,

Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes and Brushes.

PROPRIETORS PHŒNIX OIL WORKS.

Sole Manufacturers in Oregon and Washington of Nevada Leather Oil.

40 and 42 Front Street, Cor. Ash, Portland, Or. 1313 Pacific Avenue, Tacoma, Wash.

[illegible] Retail.

SUCCESSORS TO

EUGENE HOEY,

Manufacturers, Dealers and Jobbers in Bedding and Lounges, including the Famous

«HOEY PATENT SOFA BED»

Which has no equal in the world to-day. Have received a complete line of first-class Eastern Furniture specially for Holiday trade. Be sure to visit this house before purchasing.

270 First Street, near Jefferson, - - - - - - Portland, Oregon

GRAND MORTGAGE SALE

—THE ENTIRE STOCK OF—

[illegible] Desks, Tables, Office Safes, Chairs, Safes, Carpets,

Brooms, Boys' Wagons, Velocipedes, Toys, Dusters, Etc.

These Goods Must be Sold Regardless of Cost to Satisfy Mortgage. The Stock is the Largest and Finest in the City.

UNION BRUSH FACTORY

Corner Morrison and Third Sts.

C. L. WATSON, - - MORTGAGEE.

[illegible]

—STAND, LIBRARY AND PIANO—

NEW LAMPS JUST RECEIVED

Largest Assortment! Lowest Prices!

[illegible] & SUMMERS

183 First and 20 Yamhill.

Established 1874. - - - Mills at Brownsville, Or.

[illegible] WOOLEN MILLS

—Successors to—

BROWNSVILLE WOOLEN MILLS CO.

These mills have now been established for sixteen years and they have long enjoyed the reputation of making the best pure woolen goods ever offered in this market. The new company is now turning out goods superior to those of the past seasons, and they are selling these goods on the most favorable terms, on which account the mills are now running to their full capacity, day and night, to fill orders that are constantly coming in.

[illegible] FLOUR.

The flour made by this company, by the full roller process, is giving universal satisfaction wherever used. Try it once.

W. R. BISHOP, Agent,

N. E. Cor. Front and B Sts. Portland, Oregon.

[illegible] Soda Mineral Springs

—NAPA, CALA.—

W. J. VAN SCHUYVER & CO., Agents,

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FAIRY SOAP!

It is a solid handsome cake of scouring soap which has no equal for cleaning purposes except in the laundry. To use it is to value it.

What will SAPOLIO do? Why it will clean paint, make oil-cloths bright, and give the floors, tables and shelves a new appearance. It will take the grease off the dishes and off the pots and pans. You can scour the knives and forks with it, and make the tin things shine brightly. The wash-basin, the bath-tub, even the greasy kitchen sink will be as clean as a new pin if you use SAPOLIO. One cake will prove all we say. Be a clever housekeeper and try it.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. THERE IS BUT ONE SAPOLIO.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS CO., NEW YORK.

[illegible] & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

31 WASHINGTON ST., - - LABBE BUILDING

HABERLORST & CONANT

DEALERS —IN— Tools & Woodmen's Supplies.

AGENTS Perkins' Wind Mills

SUCCESSORS TO KIRK SHELDON

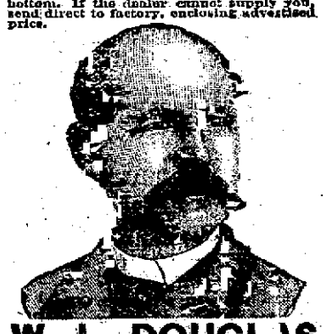
ATKINS' CELEBRATED SAWS.

—THE— Largest Variety —OF— Cross Cut Saws and Axes IN THE CITY.

151 FRONT ST., PORTLAND.

[illegible] 244 and 246 First Street, Portland. FURNITURE

CAUTION Take no shoes unless W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom. If the dealer cannot supply you, send direct to factory, enclosing advertised price.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Fine Calf, Heavy Laced Grain and Creedmoor Waterproofs.

Best in the world. Examine his $5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE. $4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE. $3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE. $2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE. $2.25 & $2 WORKINGMEN'S SHOES. $2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. All made in Congress, Button and Lace

$3 & $2 SHOES FOR LADIES.

$1.75 SHOE FOR MISSES:

Best Material, Best Style, Best Fitting. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

C. M. WIBERG, NO. 169 FIRST STREET.

Gambrinus Beer is the best. It contains less alcohol and more malt and hop extracts than any other beer. It is entirely free from chemical substitutes and is the most wholesome beverage brewed on the Pacific Coast. Its analysis shows that it is equal to the most noted German Export Beers.

The trade and families supplied with keg beer direct from the brewery.

For Orders address:

Gambrinus Brewing Company 22nd St., bet. E. and F. P. O. Box 3. Telephone No. 49.

"QUAKER"

BRICK MACHINERY

Write for Catalogue and Prices to

HOYT & BRO. COMPANY

Importers and Dealers in

Saw Mill and Woodworking Machinery

Nos. 6 and 8 North Front St., Portland, Oregon.

WILLIAMS & GROAT, Managers

ICE AND REFRIGERATING MACHINES

—OF—

Any required size, furnished, complete, at prices that defy competition.

—Call on us—

W. C. SALMON.

201 Fourth St., or Union Iron Works, Portland, O

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

Slab Wood—$1.50 per load—from Weidler's Mill. Orders left at mill or in the box at Ross Sisters will be promptly attended to. W. S. L. M. & M. CO.

AN ELEGANT NEW BRICK HOTEL.

Free Baths for All Guests.

ELECTRIC CALL BELLS AND ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.

An Elegant Family Hotel.

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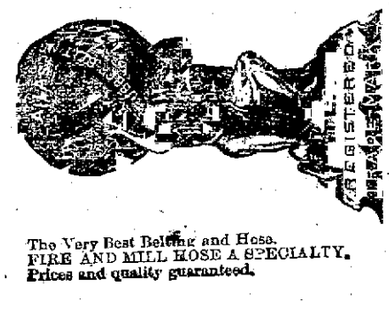
MISS MARY ALDRIDGE, Prop.

Corner Fifth and H Streets. EAST PORTLAND, OREGON. W. C. WOOD, Manager.

Foot Morrison St. Z. F. WRIGHT Portland, Or.



The Very Best Belting and Hose. FIRE AND MILL HOSE A SPECIALTY. Prices and quality guaranteed.

CHEMICAL FIRE ENGINES

Engines and Boilers.
Laundry and Marine Machinery.
Steam and Well Pumps.
Injectors, Brass Goods.
Lubricators.
Self-heating Bath Tubs.
Blacksmith Forges and Drills.
Lubricating Oils,
Grease of all kinds.
Bells.
Coal Oil Engines.
Advance Threshers and Engines.

—THE— NORTH-WEST FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.

Authorized Capital, $500,000.

Directors—D. P. Oliphant, J. Loewenberg, J. McCraken, J. K. Gill, C. E. Ladd, M. K. Arnold, P. Ehgert, N. L. Pittock, P. M. Warren. Officers—J. Loewenberg, President; J. McCraken, Vice President; R. F. Earhart, Secretary and Manager; P. M. Warren, Treasurer; R. Everett, Assistant Secretary. Successor in Oregon to North British and National Fire and Marine Insurance Companies of New Zealand. OFFICE, 33 WASHINGTON ST.

Peruvian Bitters.

Effectively Cures

MALARIAL DISEASES,

Vitalizes the System

And Arrests the Ravages of the Dreadful Alcohol Habit, DIPSOMANIA.

For sale by all Druggists and Wine Merchants.

CHARLES KOHN & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,

52 & 54 Front St., Portland, Or.

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

Swift's Specific has cured my little niece of white swelling of the worst type. More than twenty pieces of bone came out of her leg. She was not able to walk for eight months, and was on crutches a year. The doctors advised amputation, but I refused and put her on S. S. S. She is now as well and playful as any child.

MRS. ANNIE GESSLING, Columbus, Ga.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

KING'S ROYAL GERMETUER.

FOR THE BLOOD

Nature's own remedy and only scientific Germ Destroyer for all blood and skin diseases, Dyspepsia and general debility. Give it a trial. It's pleasant to the taste. Price, per bottle $1.00.

For sale by Woodard, Clarke & Co., druggists, corner First and Alder, Portland. Druggists supplied.

COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

FOR LIVER, BILE, INDIGESTION, ETC., FREE from Mercury; contains only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agents—LANGLEY & MICHAELS, Sole Agents for San Francisco

LEE & PERRIN'S SAUCE

(THE WORCESTERSHIRE).

Has been the favorite throughout the world for over fifty years. 17|M|W|Th|F

GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON

House Republicans Lack but Four of a Quorum.

CALKINS IS HARRISON'S FRIEND

Charles Emery Smith of Philadelphia Selected Minister to Russia.

SENATE PASSES DIRECT TAX BILL

The Confederates of the Senate Severely Rebuked for Their Recent Defense of Crime and Eulogy of Davis.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—[OREGONIAN Office, corner Fourteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue.]—The republican caucus last night had the effect of bringing all the republicans able to attend into the house this morning. On the first party vote there were 162 republicans voting. This is still four short of a quorum should the democrats refuse to vote. An effort will be made to get the four absentees in before the contested election cases are decided.

Senators Allan and Squire of Washington, do not know who will be appointed United States district judge in Washington. No two men watch with more interest the nominations sent by the president from day to day than the Washington senators. When they call upon the president they are courteously received, but when the judgeship is mentioned there is a coldness manifested by the executive that chills the marrow in their bones. Both senators were requested by the attorney-general two weeks ago to make their recommendations, and were at the same time given a quiet intimation that the president would be pleased to have them recommend Judge Calkins. As Senator Allan had promised to recommend Mr. Hanford, and Senator Squire, being a Seattle man, felt in duty bound to join him, they told the president that they did not know Judge Calkins and could not recommend him, but they have assured the executive that in case he should see fit to appoint a man other than that recommended by them they would not feel disposed to enter a protest after it was settled. "We have done all we can in the matter," Senator Squire said today. "We don't know who will be appointed, and expect an appointment to come in at almost any time."

Representative Wilson says that he believes Calkins will be appointed, basing his statement on the remark the president made that he "intended to appoint the judge himself." An estimate of the amount expended in telegraphing between Washington state and Washington city over the judgeship pieces it at $2000, and the wires are kept hot every day.

Charles Emery Smith, of the Philadelphia *Press*, has been offered the Russian mission and is considering the advisability of accepting the place. It seems to have been the object of the president to get a man for that mission from Pennsylvania, who will be satisfactory to Wanamaker and the Pennsylvania senators.

The senate committee on privileges and elections to-day took up the Montana senatorial election contest, but did nothing more than to set it down for hearing Saturday, February 15. Messrs. Clark and McGinnis, democratic senators-elect, were present to hear the determination of the committee.

IN THE SENATE.

Direct Tax Refunding Bill Passed—Brigadiers Again Stirred Up.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—In the senate a memorial was presented by Chandler for the establishment of a republican form of government in the state Mississippi.

Morrell introduced a bill authorizing the issue of treasury notes on the deposit of silver bullion, and had it referred to the committee on finance. He said that the committee had addressed a communication to the secretary of the treasury, asking him to formulate a bill in accordance with his recommendation in relation to silver, and that the bill had been received. Without committing himself or any member of the committee to it, he asked to have it printed and referred.

A resolution was offered by McMillan, and adopted, instructing the library committee to inquire and report as to the propriety of purchasing the Stanley collection of Indian historical paintings now in custody of the Smithsonian institute.

On motion of Sherman the senate bill to relieve the treasurer of the United States from the amount now charged to him, and deposited with the several states, was taken from the calendar and passed.

On motion of Morrell the bill to credit and pay the several states and territories and the District of Columbia all moneys collected under the direct tax of 1861 was taken from the calendar. After considerable debate Vance offered an amendment to the proposition, to refund the cotton tax; rejected. The bill was then passed—Yeas 44, nays 7. The nays were: Berry, Blair, Call, Coke, Plumb, Vance and Vest.

The bill makes it the duty of the secretary of the treasury to credit each state, territory and the District of Columbia with a sum equal to all the collections made from said states and territories under the act of August 5, 1861, and amendatory acts thereto, in appropriates the necessary sum.

Hoar's resolution calling upon the secretary of war for information as to the seizure and imprisonment of Apache prisoners; agreed to.

The senate resumed consideration of Chandler's resolution, discussed yesterday. Senator George made an argument against it, holding that the senate had no jurisdiction to pass a law to punish the persons who committed the Aberdeen outrage, and asking, if such were the case, what right the senate had to make an inquiry into the matter. He condemned the hanging in effigy of Secretary Proctor.

Spooner said he was glad the day had come when the United States had an attorney general who would take notice of an outrage on an American citizen. "His hanging in effigy of Secretary Proctor was not only brought out the feeling of bitterness that existed in the South, and which had no counterpart in the North, but also brought into the sunlight the recklessness, cruelty, brutality, indifference to law and to decency, which has for many years had occasion to complain of. Referring to the accidental dropping by Faunce of the rope which held the Proctor effigy, Spooner spoke of Faunce being led down the streets of Aberdeen surrounded by 200 or 300 people, with a man laying a lash on him at every step. Appeal to the mayor of the city had been in vain.

"Think of it," exclaimed Spooner, in passionate tones; "alone, far from his home, lashed and scourged in the market place in the presence of 500 chivalrous gentlemen, and not one stepped forward to arrest that brutal arm." Spooner expressed regret that George had felt called upon in his remarks to pronounce a eulogy on Jefferson Davis. He had hoped no one would deem it necessary to do this in the senate chamber of the United States. It would strike a harsh chord on the breasts of millions of men throughout the North. The people do not believe, as George said, that Jefferson Davis either under the constitution or the Confederacy, never betrayed a trust. They believe, on the contrary, that Davis sat in the senate chamber betraying daily the highest trust ever reposed in man, but it was not for that that they execrated his memory. It was because they held him responsible for the atrocious, unspeakable, devilish cruelties visited upon Union prisoners. In closing, Spooner said the resolution, if it accomplished nothing else, would subserve one good purpose—it would show that there was a community (Aberdeen) where love of Jefferson Davis's memory is stronger than respect for the law.

Gray said the hanging of a high official in effigy, while it was to be condemned, was not an unprecedented outrage. Quite recently President Harrison had been hung in effigy in the state of Indiana. He moved to amend the resolution by adding the words "and also the letter of instruction to the marshal, to which the report was a response;" and also the following: "and that he be requested to inform the senate whether, in the alleged assault on Faunce, any rights under the constitution or laws of the United States were violated."

Butler offered an amendment, instructing the attorney general to furnish all the papers in the office of the district attorney of Indiana, or in the United States court there, relating to the Dudley case.

After further debate the first part of Gray's amendment was agreed to, and the second part was not voted on.

Call offered an amendment calling on the attorney general to report on the hanging in effigy of President Harrison in Indiana and President Cleveland in Kansas. Without action on the pending amendments, the resolution went over.

The bill to aid the state of Colorado to support a school of mines was passed. After an executive session the senate adjourned.

CONFIRMATIONS.

Richard Guenther, Wisconsin, consul general at the City of Mexico; Lewis Gottschalk, California, consul at Stuttgart.

IN THE HOUSE.

Basis for National Bank Circulation—National Buffalo Forts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The house to-day passed the bill providing that in cases of pension claims of dependent parents it shall be necessary only to show the pension office that the parents are without other means of support than manual labor.

Dorsey reported from the committee on currency a bill to provide for the issue of circulating notes of National banks. It provides in substance that upon the deposit of United States bonds, any bank shall be entitled to receive circulating notes not exceeding in amount the par value of the bonds deposited; provided that at no time the amount of such notes shall exceed the amount actually paid in of the bank's capital stock. Bland, Anderson of Kansas, Lane of Illinois, and McKae of Arkansas, opposed the bill, and Pendleton of West Virginia, favored it. Its opponents argued that it was not in the interest of the people, but of the bankers, and also antagonistic to the free coinage of silver.

Canon gave notice of a proposed substitute for the bill, which is in substance that national banks shall not be required to keep on deposit United States bonds in excess of $1,000 as security for circulating notes, but shall keep on deposit an amount of bonds as herein required, and such of those banks having deposited bonds in excess of this amount are authorized to reduce their circulation by the deposit of lawful money as provided by law; provided, that the amount of such circulation shall not exceed in any case 90 per cent. of the bonds deposited as herein provided. The bill then went over.

Peters introduced a bill, which was referred, setting apart certain lands in No Man's Land for the propagation of buffaloes. Adjourned.

Senator Bruce on the Race Question.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senator Bruce called upon the president to-day, and incidentally mentioned the race question in the South. Bruce told the president that he thought the salvation of the South and the negroes would be secured by education. The president expressed warm interest in the race question, which he said had given him more trouble than anything else since he became president. He hoped the trouble would be peaceably settled.

NO FREE TRADE FOR FRANCE.

Her Conditions, Like Those of America, Differ From Great Britain.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Ribot, republican deputy from Pas de Calais, spoke before the customs tariff committee to-day on the projected renewal of commercial treaties. He said the question before them was whether France should, when the commercial treaties expired in 1892, resume complete freedom from tariffs, or should conclude new treaties in 1891. A majority of the deputies had already pronounced in favor of a renewal of the treaties at last time. The points at which this subject touched most forcibly the mind of the people were as it regarded the convenience of frequent changes in the tariff, and the danger of exposing the French export trade to rigorous measures of intended retaliation on the part of other countries. France should know she is bound to the commercial policy of protection. She is not in the same position as Great Britain and Belgium which have a superabundance of industrial production. As the conditions of her political, social and economical order make it imperative that wide and efficient protection should be accorded to French manufactures and agriculture.

In the chamber of deputies to-day a committee on customs tariff was elected. It is composed of thirty-nine protectionists, thirteen free traders and three whose views are undecided.

THE NEW EXTRADITION TREATY.

Entirely Satisfactory to Canada—Its Ratification Almost Sure.

OTTAWA, Jan. 28.—Sir John Thompson, minister of justice, was seen to-day in reference to the new extradition treaty between Great Britain and the United States. The members of the government, including himself, thought it a satisfactory solution of a long-vexed problem, and one that would probably be accepted and indorsed by the senate, in sympathy, as it was, with the republican administration. The treaty as drawn up by Secretary Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote, did not differ materially from that negotiated by Secretary Bayard, except that the clauses relating to what were called political offenses were eliminated. The treaty, however, added a large number of crimes to those included in the treaty of 1862.

So far as the Dominion government was concerned, no difficulty was anticipated in accepting the treaty. They were satisfied with it, though it did not go as far as they would have liked it to go, on one or two points, and would be willing to acquiesce in its adoption.

DEARER BEEF AND PORK.

The Stock Raising Industry Not Keeping Pace With Increase of Population.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—"We believe in higher beef and pork, and are trimming our sales that way," said George H. Webster of Armour & Co., to-day. "Pork and beef have risen during the last two weeks, and will go still higher. We expected higher prices during the last year than those which prevailed, but various causes operated to keep off the advance. It has now come to stay. Beef and pork will be higher in 1891 than in 1890. Why? Well, there is a constant increasing consumption without a corresponding increase in range production."

"Are exports increasing?"

"No. Exports of beef and pork in 1889 were about the same as the preceding year. It is home consumption that is increasing. The population is growing fast, and the increase is greater in cities and trade centers than in the farming districts, where some consumers are also producers of beef and pork."

"It is stated that thousands of cattle are dying on the Northwestern ranches because of deep snow."

"I do not believe it. We have had such advices."

WHY DO THEY LEAVE CANADA?

Enormous Emigration to the United States Attracts Attention of Parliament.

OTTAWA, Jan. 28.—John Charlton, member of parliament for Norfolk, has given notice that on Thursday he will move that a select committee of parliament be appointed to inquire as to the extent of what he calls the "alarming" exodus of natural-born Canadians and settlers in Canada of foreign birth to the United States, as to the cause of such exodus and as to the best means to be adopted to counteract the influences which have hitherto stimulated the exodus, and to suggest a means for diminishing this drain on Canada's numerical strength.

CABLE NOTES.

Gladstone Rallying His Forces.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Gladstone's usual circular to his supporters in the house of commons just before the opening session of parliament was published to-day. He says the condition of public affairs is not without some peculiar features, and that the questions to be considered at the opening session may be of pressing interest. The wording of the circular is unusual, and is taken to indicate an early discussion of the Pigott letters and other matters of vital importance to liberal and home rule members.

An Eminent Churchman Turns Forger.

ROME, Jan. 28.—Fridatelli, a prominent man in the clerical world and treasurer of the Academia del Lince, has absconded. He is a defaulter and forger.

This is Important.

In order to obtain the best accommodations, via Northern Pacific, between Portland and San Francisco, it would be well to call early at No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

The Limited Fast Mail

On the Union Pacific consumes but seventy hours from Portland to Chicago, which is the fastest time ever made from the Pacific coast. Ticket office 81 First street, corner of Oak.

Through Pullman vestibuled sleepers and dining cars; also latest improved tourist sleepers through to the East via Northern Pacific railroad. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

NEWS OF TWO STATES

The Seattle Bank Robber Surrounded and Captured.

HE ONLY NEGOTIATED A LOAN

The Money Taken Was to Buy Clothes, of Which He Was in Need.

SAILOR BOARDING HOUSE WAR

Two Knotty Problems as to Federal Jurisdiction—Umatilla County Pioneer Dead—Court Martial at Vancouver.

SEATTLE, Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—The bold desperado who robbed the faro bank in the Elite gambling house of $700 at the pistol's point yesterday morning, afterwards shooting Dick Ricksards, an attache of the game and then shooting at a deputy sheriff, who attempted to arrest him, was captured by the police in a lodging house on Grant street bridge at 7 o'clock this morning. After escaping from the officer at the race track last evening, the desperado returned to the city. He stopped at Fisher's lodging house, on the Grant street bridge, and asked for a room. This was given him and he went up stairs. His actions were so suspicious and his appearance was so similar to that of the desperado as described that the police were notified. They immediately surrounded the house and guarded his room all night. At 7 o'clock this morning he was ordered to come out and surrender. He attempted to jump from a window, but was driven back by officers who guarded it.

Finally the officers broke into the room and arrested him as he was holding a revolver to his side as if to kill himself. After arrest he said his name was David Donee, that he was a Frenchman, 20 years of age, and that he recently came to Seattle from Montana. He explained the robbery by saying he had lost all his money gambling, and wanted to borrow enough to buy clothes so he could make a respectable appearance and earn money to pay it back. He was taken to the county jail.

The grand jury is now in session and will probably bring in several indictments against him to-morrow. Richard Rickards, the wounded man, is resting easily to-night, and the doctors hope that he may recover; however, the chances are not much in his favor.

THE SAILORS' BOARDING-HOUSES.

Two Important Cases Involving Federal Jurisdiction Pending at Astoria.

ASTORIA, Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—The case of John Tobin, the sailor, who contracted to ship on the Orpheus and then refused to go aboard, came up before Judge Taylor this morning on a writ of habeas corpus. Tobin was charged by Captain Young of the Orpheus with desertion. The case is an important one, as it involves the question as to whether a British seaman can be convicted of desertion in an American port. The United States statute of 1791 provides for punishment of sailors generally who desert from vessels in American ports; but this is construed to apply only to American sailors, as the United States cannot force a man to leave the country without a treaty with the foreign power taking charge of him. Following this the statutes of 1829 provide that where a treaty is made which allows punishment of foreign seamen for desertion, complaint must be made by a consul or vice-consul. In this case the complaint was made by the captain of the vessel, but had it even been made by the vice-consul, it would not have affected the case, as there is no treaty with England touching the subject. Judge Taylor took the matter under advisement until to-morrow morning, and fixed Tobin's bonds at $3000, but it is a foregone conclusion that Tobin will be released.

To-night Deputy United States Marshals Roberts and Wade, of Portland, arrested Dick McCarron, Joe Baker and three other men for harboring Tobin.

The case against United States Deputy Marshal Fitzsimmons, charged with an assault with a deadly weapon upon Dick McCarron during the fight Sunday on board the steamer Thompson over English sailors shipped at Portland, will come up to-morrow in the police court. A question of jurisdiction will probably be raised, Fitzsimmons claiming that he was acting under authority of the United States district attorney. The prosecution will maintain that the marshal has no authority to impress sailors and put them on board a ship. These cases are simply the outgrowth of the fight between the Sailor boarding-house men of Portland and Astoria.

The Columbia, the Collier Willamette and the British ship Orpheus are harbound here, but expect to get out to-morrow.

NEWS FROM PENDLETON.

A Girl Assaulted by Negroes—Death of a Pioneer.

PENDLETON, Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Miss Annie Hanlon, a domestic, rapped loudly on the door of Dr. King's residence last night at 10 o'clock. When the door was opened the girl fell down in an exhausted state, and when she was able to speak she claimed that a young man with whom she was walking had attempted an assault upon her person. The offender was diligently hunted for, but could not be found. It is said that he is a member of an "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company now in Pendleton, and had become acquainted with the girl on the street.

L. S. Kearny, a prominent citizen, died yesterday at his home near Pilot Rock. He came to the Willamette valley in 1864 and to Umatilla in 1868. His was in his 57th year. He was a native of Louisiana.

H. J. Culbertson is seriously ill here. His physician attributes his sickness to a tack which he swallowed last summer.

Not a true bill was found by the grand jury against John Davidson, who shot and killed Alonzo Barry near Weston ten days ago.

Miss Winnie Switzler, aged 18, daughter of the late William Switzler, an old pioneer, died yesterday, after a long illness.

There was a slight collision at Umatilla Sunday night. An engine standing on a frog was run into by a west bound freight train. Both engines and several freight cars were badly smashed, but no one was injured.

The telegraph station has been re-established at Meacham, the summit of the mountains.

The infant child of W. Zeiger, of Athens, died suddenly yesterday. The child of Lyman Pierce, of the same place, died in a similar manner a few days ago. Physicians are at a loss to account for the cause.

The Bureau saloon was robbed last night of wet goods, cigars and $6 in cash. No clue.

MONTANA REPUBLICANS WIN.

Certificates From the State Canvassing Board the Only Evidence of Election.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 28.—The supreme court today decided the Thompson mandamus case by granting a peremptory writ ordering the state auditor to allow Thompson's bill for mileage and per diem. Thompson is a republican member of the legislature from Silver Bow county, being one of the five elected by throwing out Tunnel precinct. The court goes into the question of certificates and sustains the position of republicans that certificates from the state canvassing board are the only *prima facia* evidence of membership of the legislature. This decision makes the republican body the legal legislature.

Court Martial at Vancouver.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—A general court martial convened to-day at Vancouver barracks for the trial of persons in the military service. Lieut. Col. Mears, Fourth infantry, of Fort Sherman, is president, and Capt. W. E. Birkhimer, acting judge-advocate of the department of the Columbia, judge-advocate of the court.

Mr. Charles Brown has tendered to the stockholders of the Commercial bank of Vancouver his resignation as president, having been elected president of the First National bank.

Suicide at Butte.

BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Paul Stein, 25 years of age, despondent from physical suffering, suicided yesterday by hanging himself with a packing cord.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining-car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WAIT TILL IT THAWS

The Attack on the California Snow Blockade Repulsed.

MAIL COMING NORTH ON THE RUSH

Shasta County Has Had But One Week of Good Weather Since October 15—Central Pacific Trains Moving

DUNSMUIR, Cal., Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—About four inches of heavy wet snow fell here today. A 4 P M it turned to rain, with prospects of continuing through the night. The river is rising.

Snow plows on the California & Oregon rail road from the north and south both came in last evening, but were again sent back over the sections, followed by dining and sleeping cars. A heavy snowslide is reported at tunnel No 2, below here, and another at tunnel No. 9 A number of mechanics who came in from Edgewood on snowshoes report the cuts which had been cleared as again drifted full of snow Slides are reported between here and Metta.

SACRAMENTO, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—There is no change in the situation on the Oregon division The sky is cloudy and threatening. Rain fell here to-night

REDDING Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—The blockade north of this point on the Oregon & California railroad is evidently regarded as a stubborn one by the company, from the fact that the last lot of passengers held here were sent to Sacramento on the train leaving to night via Marysville Trains Nos and 17 northbound, arrived here from Sacramento to-day—the first for three days, but they cannot proceed north of this point. The washouts at Dolo, Willows, and other points below here are temporarily repaired, but the track is in very bad condition for miles.

Superintendent Pratt reached Dunsmuir this morning and ordered provisions sent to the following places Middle Creek, Kennet, Morley Elmore, Delta, Fraser's Spur, and Dunsmuir

It has been storming very heavily all day to-day at points north of here There has been only one week of pleasant weather since the middle of October

The water is flowing off the lowlands along the railroad between here and Dolo, but the wheat crop is believed to have been spoiled From College City to Marysville the water is spread over the lowlands for thirty or forty miles, giving them the aspect of an inland sea From Sacramento to Davisville the railroad track is but a few feet above the water, which is however, falling Between Yolo and Blacks the track is broken for over a hundred yards, and trains run over a temporary switch. Two miles above Willows there are two large washouts, one about 100 yards long

CENTRAL PACIFIC OPEN.

The Rails Are Slippery, and Ice Must Yet Be Chopped Off

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 28.—It now seems probable that the great blockade on the Sierras will soon be over. Last night the big rotary snow plow was dug from the snow in Cascade canyon and has done splendid work since. The track is now clear as far as the plow can clear it The snow has been passing through to-day and has begun to harden as ice, and averaged twenty feet deep En head officials state that the only obstruction now is about a foot of hard trampled snow and ice which covers the rails for considerable of the way This must be removed by picks and shovels.

Officials think the blockaded trains will reach here to-morrow These trains have two weeks' mail aboard.

The high water has gone down all over the state and the washouts and landslides are generally repaired The greatest damage has been done to roads and bridges.

SACRAMENTO, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—It was announced to-day that the blockade on the Central Pacific railroad in the Sierras was broken, but it was discovered that there was still a stretch of 500 yards of snow to be plowed just beyond Cascade cut and the rotary was about to plunge into it when some part of the machinery broke and it became useless and will probably be brought here for repairs The railroad company at once doubled the wages of the snow shovelers, and they agreed to try to clear the track It is expected that this will be done in time to start the train to-morrow forenoon The accident occurred at 2 30 this afternoon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—At a late hour to-night Superintendent Fillmore received a telegram stating that the rotary plow which had been sent to work on the Salt Lake division of the Central Pacific railroad had succeeded in clearing the tracks between Wells and Toano Nevada. As a few hours will now seemingly raise the blockade on the Sierras, Fillmore gave orders for trains from Ogden to be prepared to move westward at any moment to-morrow

THE RUSH AS A MAILBOAT.

On the Way to Portland With a Great Number of Delayed Pouches.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 28.—The revenue cutter Richard Rush left here at 5 o'clock this evening for the north with twenty five pouches of letters and sacks of papers and other mail, which arrived on the delayed Southern Pacific train at 1 30 o'clock

A train arrived over the Southern route at 1 30 o'clock this afternoon bringing a lot of additional mail, which was diverted from the Central Pacific railroad on account of the blockade, and some of this mail also went north on the Rush The cutter was under orders from Washington the government having decided not to pay the tariff demanded by the steamship line plying between here and Portland

NORTHERN PACIFIC ON TIME.

Reports of Trouble From Snow Are Without Foundation.

TACOMA Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Dispatches received at the Northern Pacific headquarters state that the St Paul morning papers publish dispatches that the Northern Pacific was all blocked up with snow, and that many cattle were freezing to death, etc. The railway officials were indignant that such reports should be sent out when there was not a particle of foundation for them Telegraphic reports from all along the line to day showed the three westbound passenger trains all on time, and all the eastbound trains on time except one, which was only two hours behind, somewhere in Montana.

Snowshoe Traveler Nearly Perishes.

BAKERSFIELD, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Thomas McLeod, whose brother recently perished near Washington, while carrying mail on snowshoes came near meeting a similar fate. He left here to go to his home six miles distant Half way one of his snowshoes broke He continued on foot in a blinding storm, sinking at each step to his wrist in snow Three quarters of a mile from his home he became insensible The barking of dogs at the house aroused the family, who went down the road and found the apparently lifeless body of the young man They applied restoratives and consciousness returned

Girl Drowned In Kern River

BAKERSFIELD Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Last Saturday evening at Kernville a party of young folk were watching a suspension footbridge which the river was thrashing violently, when one end pulled out of the ground who e it was anchored eight feet deep. The wire in some way caught and threw seven of the party into the river One man, Frank Boston was carried several hundred yards down the stream and landed on an island He was rescued next day by a horseman. One young lady of 17, Miss Maggie Shoemate, born in Kernville, was drowned and her body found next day a thousand yards down the stream.

Southern Pacific Washouts Repaired

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Washouts and land slides along the lines of the Southern Pacific Company in this state are rapidly disappearing Instead of being the rule, as was the case three days ago they are now the exception The road from here to Los Angeles to El Paso and New Orleans was without a break to-day, enabling two trains to arrive here from Los Angeles. The situation of branch lines to the San Joaquin valley is much improved Late this afternoon nearly all the damage on these roads caused by the storm of Sunday night had been repaired.

Snow Vanishing at Spokane

SPOKANE FALLS Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—It commenced raining here at 8 o'clock this afternoon and has continued all evening Water is coming down in torrents and the snow is fast disappearing This is the first rain since the snow commenced falling and is very welcome to those who want to see the several feet of snow melted

The Snow at Yreka

YREKA Cal Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—The Road to Scott valley was broken by Colonel Stone's stage horses yesterday, through ten feet of snow There are 2000 sheep going over to day to get hay Many buildings and barns were wrecked all over the country Everybody is shoveling snow to keep buildings from danger

Purchase your tickets and reserve your sleeping car accommodation at No 122 First street, corner Washington, office Northern Pacific Railroad.

McAULIFFE CHALLENGES JACKSON.

His Terrible Defeat Forgotten—No Likelihood of a Fight With Sullivan

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—President Fulda, of the California Athletic Club has telegraphed to Peter Jackson that Joe McAuliffe claims he right to meet him first in the California Club on his return to San Francisco If Jackson telegraphs that he will meet McAuliffe, the club will make a match at once McAuliffe has concluded to defer his trip to New Orleans until the matter is definitely settled, as he is most eager for another meeting with the Australian.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Within a month Jackson will go to San Francisco to have a talk with the officers of the club Jackson's arrival is likely to raise new interest in pugilistic circles, and lots of talk about a match between him and John L. Sullivan but it will end in talk for the big fellow has announced that he will do nothing toward the making of another match until his affair with Mississippi authorities is off, and that means no match this year

Joe Bowers a Feeble Fighter

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 28.—Following are additional details of last night's fight at the Occidental Club rooms, in which Joe Bowers, of London, was knocked out by Billy Smith the Australian In the first round Smith received blows in the stomach In the second round Bowers received four hard blows and ran around the ring to escape In the third round there was heavy fighting on both sides In the fourth round Smith landed heavily on Bowers's head Bowers sank to the floor and refused to rise till time was up Then he umped up suddenly and knocked his second down as he approached him The audience was very indignant at Bowers, and hooted and howled vigorously

Wrestling Match Arranged.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Articles of agreement for a catch as catch can wrestling match for a trophy and the middle weight champ onship were signed last evening at the Olympic Club by E A Kolb of the Olympic and Al Lean, matched The match is to take place in the Olympic Club rooms on March 6.

A PORTLAND MAN MURDERED.

Body of Jim Sanders, a Cook, Found Near San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—The body of a man found buried in the sand at Ocean Beach Sunday afternoon was identified to night by a man who says it is the body of Jim Sanders, a cook in the Bon Ton restaurant Portland Deceased wore a brown plaid suit and grey overcoat was about 5 feet 11 inches and weighed 210 pounds. It is supposed that he was murdered in a dive and the body taken and partially buried on the beach. An Odd Fellows emblem was found on the body

DIED IN SEATTLE JAIL.

A Vagrant Who Had Prosperous Brothers in Portland and Tacoma.

SEATTLE Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—J M Zeigler, a vagrant serving twenty days in the city jail died at 10 o clock to-night of epilepsy He was a stranger here but had told a fellow prisoner that he had a brother in business in Portland and another in Tacoma.

News From Salem.

SALEM, Jan 28.—[Special telegram.]—The governor to-day commuted the sentence of Zad Beal sentenced from Umatilla county June 7 1889 to serve a term of eighteen months for larceny

Articles of incorporation were to-day filed with the secretary of state by the Northwestern Electrical Supply & Construction Co incorporators, F H Smaulding, W J Grambs and S Z Mitchell, principal place of business, Seattle, capital stock, $50 000 in shares of $25 each

In the supreme court Abner Wilkes app., vs J R Cornelius resp appeal from Washington county, attorney for respondent made an argument.

G W Autter app vs B Gallaher, resp., appeal from Clatsop county argued and submitted.

The wife of Dr C E Preston, late of Rochester, N Y died at her home in Salem to day of pneumonia, aged 42 years

Seeking an Astoria Cable Franchise

ASTORIA, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Several members of the city council met this afternoon and considered an application for a franchise for a thirteen mile cable system to run through the principal streets of the city Outside capital is back of the scheme The company proposes to give bonds to complete the road within two years, but as the city has no authority to take bonds, this would be no security The only terms that will be accepted by the city council will provide for a certain amount of work within a certain specified time, or a forfeiture

The horses of this city are suffering from influenza, and there were five runaways yesterday and to-day, with but little damage

Canada Protecting Her Simpletons.

VICTORIA, B C, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—The customs an horities here have seized two packages of Louisiana Lottery tickets, one destined for Vancouver and the other for this city, and they will be destroyed

H M S Swiftsure, the flagship, left for the south this morning on her return to England The Warspite will be met with in South America where Admiral Hancage will change ships.

Death of Capt J M Keeler.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 28.—[Special Telegram.]—Capt J M Keeler died at his residence here to-day He came to California in December 1849 served in the ate rebellion in the Fifth Connecticut volunteers and was afterward sent as provost marshal to Oregon, at the close of the war

The Sultan's Curiosities

London Standard

One cannot be surprised to hear that the Sultan thinks of turning his innumerable curiosities into money. Those who have been allowed to visit the Dar es Saadet and St Irene—a rare privilege now-adays—have been wondering ever since, probably, what motive or superstition has checked his Majesty so long Nor is it altogether surprising that a London jeweler of reputation should hesitate to accept the charge of valuing these miscellaneous hoards—a dozen experts of the most consummate assurance would find more than they could deal with there One thing is certain, that nobody can form an idea of how much this astonishing collection is worth. We may suppose from the choice of a jeweler to advise him, that the Sultan puts most value on his gems. Certainly they are so many and so huge that all the crown treasures of Europe could not equal the display—if only they are genuine.

But there is grave doubt on that question to begin with. Since the gates have been closed to all but a few favored visitors, there has been no effective supervision of the guardians who it must be supposed, are well paid more punctually than other oil cials. It was on their complaint of purloining strangers that the old facilities were withdrawn and some think that they had a motive quite different from honest indignation in their request.

When those museums are overhauled however, thousands of objects more precious than gold or jewels will be unearthed As an instance, a Hebrew succeeded in stealing three old helmets from St Irene just before the doors were closed and sold them to an English gentleman resident at Pera for less than a hundred francs apiece This gentleman parted with one for more than a thousand pounds.

A Bit of Cunning With a Thread.

Bangor Letter to Lewiston Journal

It is born within some human beings to steal. They do not all steal articles of great value, but little things, which though costing but a trifle, cause annoyance A person of this sort has been stealing a paper that was left each morning at the office door of a professional gentleman in Bangor the jitterer, who had rooms in the same building, but up another flight, taking it before he put in an appearance. It would be missed about twice a week, and for a time the paper boy was blamed, but later the thief volunteered the informat on that the office boy of another professional man in the same building took the papers and sold them In order to find out, the loser gave a week to the business of investigation, making it a point to reach his office about half an hour ahead of the delivery. Quietly entering, he made a ball of an old paper, folding it after the manner of the newsboys, punched a hole through ran in and made fast the end of a spool of thread, and lay in wait. When all paper was dropped at his door he quietly took it in substituting the bait, leading the thread under the door The third morning the spool began to unwind, and, opening the door he saw the overhead party leading the thread up stairs. The latter heard the noise stopped, turned around, while the professional gentleman began to haul in on the thread. When all the slack had been taken up a gentle tug announced the connection the paper was dropped, pulled down stairs, and—the parties have not spoken since

The Last Tribute

Helena Journal.

There is a bond of fellowship among the pioneers of Montana which elevates them in the eyes of mankind. In sickness and distress the pioneer is surrounded by the faithful attentions of his brothers, who endured the same hardships of frontier life, unwritten laws of benevolence are obeyed, the injury of one is an injury to all. If iron clad oaths had been administered, the duty of man to man would not be more faithfully performed Behind the hearse which yesterday conveyed all that remained of X Beidler followed a hundred of those who remembered the man for his early associations in every one of those minds arose the memory of incident and adventure in which he deceased had been loyal to his trust some of them came from distant points to pay their last respects to a man who had endured with them the vicissitudes of frontier life In the years to come the days will be repeated, and all honor will be paid to the memory of the men who first made homes in these mountain fastnesses

The Brewer's Heir

CHICAGO Jan 28.—Conrad Seipp the well know brewer, died here this afternoon.

A CHEMISTRY LESSON.

High School Class Injured by Explosion of a Retort.

GANG OF BLASTERS BLOWN UP

Three Carried Away Dead, Others Wounded—Two Pennsylvania Oil Experts Torn to Atoms by a Torpedo

BLOOMINGTON, Ill, Jan 28.—This afternoon a gaspipe retort being made exploded in the High school at Lexington Professor Joss was terribly burned about the face and both eyes and probably rendered sightless Bert Merrill, aged 20 was so badly injured that he will probably die. Cora Kemp and Hattie Barnard were severely injured and about twenty others more or less hurt Great excitement prevailed for time

HUMAN BEINGS BLASTED.

Three Railroad Employes Killed—Two Torpedo Men Blown to Fragments

SUNBURY, Pa, Jan 28.—A gang of Italians, Poles and Hungarians employed in widening the road bed of the Shamokin Sunbury and Lewisburg railway, were at work to-day in a cut near Saxlings, when a blast suddenly exploded and the men were hurled in all directions One man was picked up dead, five fatally injured and ten others badly cut and bruised Three Italians are missing and it is feared are buried under the debris

LATER.—Two more dead have been taken from the debris of the explosion at Paxinos

TORPEDO MEN BLOWN TO ATOMS

PITTSBURG, Jan 28.—By an explosion of nitroglycerine near Alton, Bradford county, to-day William H McHenry and Alex Conners two well known torpedo men were blown to atoms

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Laryabaugh Queensland is inundated by floods Six people have been drowned

Sir William Gull the noted English physician has had a second stroke of paralysis and is dying

Sugreglias an important firm of cotton spinners, of St Petersburg, have failed for several millions of roubles

A petition is being circulated in Arlington for a tri weekly mail service between Arlington, Or, and Prosser Falls, Wash

A favorable report has been ordered by the house military committee on the bill to retire General Fremont with the rank of major general

Hurricanes continue in northwest and central Germany Much damage has been done to forests in those sections Heavy snowstorms prevail in Erz Gebirge

The auditing committee recently appointed to review the accounts of Dr Charles O'Reilly treasurer of the Irish National League has arrived in Detroit

Chairman Goshorn, of the national executive committee of the Union Labor party has called a conference of the party, to be held at Kansas City February 25.

The president's reception to members of congress and the judiciary Tuesday evening attracted a good but not unusually large assemblage to the White house.

Tuesday afternoon a still explosion occurred in the standard oil works at Hunter's Point, N Y The entire works were threatened but in an hour the fire was under control. Loss $50 000.

Dr Tanner member of the house of commons for the middle division of Cork, has been required to furnish two sureties in £100 or to serve three months in prison for uttering threats against Smith Barry, landlord Dr Tanner has appealed

The employes of the Birmingham, Ala, rolling mill, 1000 in number, went out on a strike Monday, at the fight between the men and the company promises to be a long and bitter one An effort to force the mill into the amalgamated association caused the strike.

New York's Fair Chances Improving.

ALBANY Jan 28.—In the assembly to-day the world's fair bill was passed without debate or amendment. There was only one negative vote

WASHINGTON Jan. 28.—Among the memorials presented in the senate and referred was one from the Augusta Me., Board of Trade for the selection of New York for the site of the exposition of 1892.

The world's fair sub-committee of the house to day completed a draft of the world's fair bill which it will report to the full committee to morrow

Baseball Slaves Emancipated

NEW YORK, Jan 28.—Judge O Brien has decided the suit of the New York Baseball Club vs. John M Ward in favor of the Brotherhood

After reviewing the points in the case carefully Judge O Brien considered at length the difference between a suit at law and a suit at equity and decided that in a suit at equity, such as was presented, the court has no power to force defendant to play with plaintiff He decided to deny the preliminary injunction

Herr Most Takes an Appeal.

NEW YORK, Jan 28.—Justice Van Brunt, presiding justice of the supreme court, to day granted a stay in the case of Herr Johann Most, pending an appeal to the court of appeals from the judgment of conviction and sentence to one year's imprisonment for making an inflammatory speech at a meeting held to condemn the Chicago authorities for convicting and hanging the anarchists there. Most will be liberated on $500 bail.

Anarchy in Brazil

NEW YORK, Jan 28.—The steamship LaPlace which left Rio Janeiro January 10, arrived this morning The first mate said that there is no flag which is recognized throughout the country the people of each province having a flag of their own In December last forty sailors employed on a Brazilian man of war went ashore and shouted "Vive la Empereur," and subsequently had their throats cut for their enthusiasm.

John Brown's Family in Want.

CHICAGO, Jan 28.—The *Inter-Ocean* to-day publishes a letter from Horatio N Rust, of South Pasadena, Cal alleging the impoverished condition of the family of Captain John Brown, of Ossawatomie and requesting contributions to it the mortgage on their home and lot at Pasadena Contributions may be sent to William Penn Nixon of the *Inter-Ocean*, or Horatio N Rust Pasadena, Cal.

Oklahoma Lot Jumpers Mobbed

OKLAHOMA CITY, Ind Terr Jan 28.—Last night a large crowd of indignant citizens pulled down the house of a lot jumper and burned the wreck There is the most intense excitement, and if the military does not interfere bloodshed will surely follow Two serious fights occurred to day over disputed lots and an organization has been formed to pull down every lot jumper's house in the city

The Dark-eyed Senorita a Finnish Lover

SAN ANTONIO Tex., Jan 28.—Nieves Quintaro and Manuel Ortega, who are cousins and employed on a ranch, wooed a dark-eyed senorita. Unable to decide between them, she suggested that they fight a duel with stilettos. This they agreed to do but while Quintaro was walking across the yard last night Ortega concealed himself behind a bush and shot and killed Quintaro The murderer escaped.

Verdict in the Kniffin Inquest.

TRENTON, N J Jan. 28.—The coroner's jury in the Kniffin murder case brought in a verdict this morning declaring that Mrs Kniffin died from chloroform administered by persons as yet unknown and further stating that the jury's labors have been hampered by the withholding of important evidence, which will come before the grand jury

Prominent Abolitionist Woman Dead.

ELK FALLS, S D, Jan 28.—Prudence Crandall Phelps died here to-day of influenza. It was she who just before the war obtained notoriety by attempting to establish negro schools in Canterbury Conn For this she was driven from the state by persecution.

Missouri Postmistress Robs the Mails

LEBANON, Mo, Jan 28.—Mrs. Mary Beganz and son, postmistress and assistant at Parlow, were arrested to-day by a postoffice inspector for rob bing the mails. The amount of money and valuables stolen is large.

The Iowa Deadlock Renewed

DES MOINES, Jan 28.—The deadlock is on again The house met to-day Nominations were made for permanent officers, and after six futile ballots the house adjourned until to-morrow

Saltus in Accommodating

London Truth.

Edgar Saltus, on arriving was promptly interviewed by the press on his private relations with his wife and something like the following conversation took place:

'Is it true that your wife wants a divorce?'

'I really have not consulted the papers yet to see.'

'But if she does—'

'If she does I shall endeavor to gratify her I do not believe in refusing a woman a whims I man who hesitates at so small a matter as this cannot be said to love a woman.'

I Am Here and Be Hanged

New York Sun

Lover—Don't withhold your consent on account of my income sir I can support your daughter on $25 a week.

Pater—Then you are a jim dandy I never could

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the best equipped line, for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

ENTRY OF CHINESE MERCHANTS.

Possibility of Coolies Slipping in as Mongolian Business Men

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 28.—The habeas corpus case of Gee Quong Sue, which has been of great interest here was argued in the United States circuit court to-day The question involved was whether a rule should not be laid down that Chinese merchants who absent themselves from this country for several years, should be presumed to have abandoned their residence and on return ing shall be required to affirmatively show that they retain such residence here, or to present a certificate as to their status, as required by section 6 of the exclusion act

Judge Sawyer, in taking the case under advisement said he strongly believed that Chinese merchants who leave the country with the intention of returning to it are entitled to land without presenting the certificate mentioned in the exclusion act. That certificate he declared, is only required by Chinese merchants who have never been in this country It is declared by the customs officials in the Gee Quong Lee suit that if Sue is permitted to land hundreds of similar cases will arise and a long step will have been taken toward nullifying the exclusion act

A Delicate Operation.

Atlanta Constitution

Yesterday morning Keeper Havens of the Grass zoo, performed a very delicate operation

The silver lioness, Mollie chewed up a piece of raw beef, which the butcher had chopped up with a clever leaving some fragments of bone in the flesh It is not the custom of the keeper to give the animals flesh that contains any bone at all In this instance a sharp sliver of bone pierced the lioness' gum on the outside of the jaw next to the cheek, just below the left eye The place swelled up and festered and the animal suffered a great deal of pain Her head was swollen and she was unable to eat. Keeper Havens went to the cage and by coaxing the lioness he got her to lie down and then he slipped ropes over her fore feet, stretching them to either side of the cage and tying them securely Mollie kicked and struggled until the keeper fondled her awhile After she was secured he entered the cage all alone and taking her head between his knees he cut a small incision in the cheek, took his lance and drew out the silver an inch in length He did the work all alone, and no one else was present during the performance of the operation After she had been released several hours he visited the cage and she met him with a gratified look holding the wound up to the bars of the cage as if she were glad that he had performed the operation that relieved her, and she appeared as docile and kindly as a kitten although she had been fierce and resentful before

The Prince of Naples and the Deadly Kodak.

The Prince of Naples, heir apparent to the throne of Italy was recently startled while driving in Rome by a new terror now agitating nervous people in Europe A carriage containing a number of Americans was blocked near that of the prince on the Corso Looking up, the prince saw that one of the Americans had pointed something at him He turned pale for a moment, then smiled and courteously raised his hat. He had seen that nothing more deadly than a Kodak had been directed toward him The American had made a clever snap shot

THE RACE ISSUE

Outrages in the South Unparalleled Even in Despotic Russia

PORTLAND January 28 1890.—[To THE EDITOR.]—Your editorials of the 25th on the race issue in ability and practical utility alike are in striking contrast with the demoralizing sophistical verbosity to which you refer Your correspondent, "J E R" deprecates allusions to the past as in bad taste, and says I treat the evils as imaginary. The services of the imagination are not needed after a few years' residence in the heart of the still vital Southern Confederacy, now known as the Solid South Orderly, law abiding, inoffensive colored men suddenly disappear, or when this disappearance cannot be readily brought about, a charge such as attempted rape is manufactured against a man and he is lynched the real and only cause being his persistent but peaceable claim to the right of a free ballot for himself and neighbors or in other words for saying "I am an American citizen" One such case occurred on the hill above the campground at McComb Miss. Is it good taste to comment such outrages and to be proud of it or to denounce the same? A breach of law and order by a negro can be quietly and effectively settled in a legal manner. If heed not be developed into a "nigger" hunt and shooting down every negro on sight in which manner a Southern sheriff admitted that about 700 negroes were killed near Shreveport, La, about 1877 Again, if on the massing of the white league the terror-stricken negroes stampede to the woods, it certainly is inhuman and brutal in the extreme to form a cordon round said negroes, gradually close in on them, and not leave one alive to tell the tale, in which manner some hundreds were killed in the Atchafalya swamp according to the description of residents in the vicinity.

The outrages against citizenship in the South since the war are unparalleled even in despotic Russia All information of such occurrences is usually suppressed by the oath bound societies who commit them No Southern editor dare proclaim them to the world In case the news leak out then the editors will hypocritically deplore the same, and lay the blame on some irresponsible uncontrollable persons The governor of the state may take part in the farce by offering a small reward and the usual result is the perpetrators become popular In 1877, at Lexington, Miss, a nephew of Senator Barksdale, shot in the back and murdered a greenback nominee for sheriff As usual, it was said to be a personal matter but the man being on an opposition tickets was the real origin of the difficulty In 1890, a nephew of Senator George is said to have been one of the guards at the Jackson, Miss, election, which in reality insured the success of the old mossback slaveowner's ticket Senator Walthall, naturally fair minded and high principled, if asked to associate himself with such means, execrable action, according to A M West's description, will hold up his head, turn away in disgust, and walk off like a turkey gobbler. He has the ability and the taste to become a leader in the new South, if a new South were possible at present but even he is so affected by environment and by the domination of such men as West and Barksdale that his speech in the senate on the Faunce incident is simply weak pitiful, pettifogging, special pleading, and by no means statesmanlike

The fact is one tic et only can be successful in the South, and that is the one supported by the old slave owners and the old leaders in the lost cause The old South and the new south are unanimous on this subject and they no longer hesitate to say so Neither of them has any other practical solution of the question than to obtain by fraud what they failed to obtain by force Hypocrisy, fraud and violence have taken influence in as a political partner, and the firm wishes to be let alone, as does the robber, the murderer, and every other criminal who infringes on the rights and liberties of others These evils are not imaginary, but so seriously real as to tax to the utmost the combined patriotism and statesmanship of congress.

The negroes are said to be insolent The whites still wish to treat them as cattle and they naturally resent it. The whites wish them to submit to any amount of abuse and blackguardism without talking back The whites do not set them an example of abiding by the law, and then expect the negroes to rise superior to the example, even when their educational progress is impeded in every possible way, any whites teaching negroes being ostracized if not brutally treated or murdered as was a teacher at or near Holmesville, Pike county, Miss. Why could not the old massa, by kindness and justice after the war, have retained the affection of the old colored man and have prevented the harmony so gushingly depicted in *Harper's Weekly* The white and the negro alike has duties as well as rights, and the performance of duty by both is the first step toward the solution of the problem Will either the old South or the new South set the negro an example in this matter, and, by justice and humanity, seek his confidence and co operation?

This subject has been sufficiently discussed The negro question is a more serious one to the United States than the Irish question is to England The integrity of free institutions is at stake, and government by the people so far as this question is concerned seems to be a failure is the present congress equal to the emergency? If so it will with as little delay as possible enforce the fourteenth amendment by appropriate legislation, and thus not only remedy the gross injustice of allowing the disfranchised colored men to be misrepresented in congress, which gives to the Southern white voter a greater control of the government than it does to the Northern man but also gain fuller power to deal with later and more serious phases of the question as they occur BIENUIH.

CHICAGO POLICE PLOT

A Herr Most Orator Turns Out a Salaried City Agent.

CRONIN WITNESS BADLY SHOT

He Insulted a Police Captain in a Saloon—Alderman McCormick Saw It All—A Canadian Preacher's Horrible Crime.

CHICAGO, Jan 28.—The socialist and anarchistic societies of this city were greatly excited over what they believe to be a huge conspiracy of the police against them A short time ago Detective Charles Nordrum was arrested and fined for alleged unwarranted assault on a man at a social ist meeting Several socialists took the matter up and demanded Nordrum a dismissal It is claimed now that the detective went to one of those interested in the prosecution to purchase leniency and proposed to give up information concerning the operations of the police, and to show that a certain supposed champion of the anarchist cause was really in the pay of the police for the purpose of creating by wild utterances a popular prejudice.

It is claimed now that Nordrum furnished four teen reports from this spy who is Henry Bammeyer, a man who since 1886, has been one of the most aggressive anarchists in the city At the meetings none were more rabid in utterances than he, and it is now alleged that he would thus induce others to echo his sentiments and then report them to police. All this evidence was laid before the mayor and the result was an order issued to day suspending Nordrum pending an investigation into his alleged treachery The mayor and police officials refuse to talk on the subject.

A CRONIN WITNESS SHOT.

Bar-Room Brawl in Which a Police Captain and an Alderman Took Part.

CHICAGO, Jan 28.—Robert Gibbons one of the witnesses for the defense in the Cronin case, was shot and badly wounded to-night by Police Captain Schnettler, as a result of an altercation in a saloon Gibbons was accompanied by several friends, including Alderman McCormick According to Schnettler's friends McCormick made some uncomplimentary remark and threw a lighted cigar into Schnettler's face The latter was about to resent the action, when Gibbons, who is a powerful man gave the captain a terrific thump on the jaw He was about to repeat it when Schnettler pulled a revolver and fired McCormick denies his reputed connection with the case saying he had gone out when the shooting occurred Schnettler was not in uniform at the time of the affair

A PREACHER'S REVOLTING CRIME.

Debauched Twenty Little Canadian Boys—A Very Mild Punishment.

OTTAWA, Ont. Jan 28.—The government has just been informed of one of the most revolting revelations ever brought to light in Canada. A young Church of England clergyman in a populous parish in Western Ontario was brought before a magistrate on a charge of debauching small boys The evidence was so revolting that it cannot be printed but showed that he had debauched no less than twenty boys of tender age He was sentenced in three months in jail, the severest penalty that could be inflicted as the law stands The government will take the matter up with a view of inflicting more severe punishment

The Pope As a Reader.

Ladies Home Journal

After Mr Gladstone Pope Leo the XIII is the most vigorous man of his age of the day The routine of his work would kill an ordinary man, there is no detail too small for him to pass over, and from daybreak until after midnight he devotes his time to the church and literature. Those who surround his holiness know when he is particularly tired or worn out for then he takes down a volume of Dante and reads with the avidity of a school girl enjoying her first novel Of all the authors Dante is the pope's favorite, and it has been remarked that in physique he is not unlike the accepted idea of that great Italian He reads Dante for pleasure, but for keeping himself well informed on all that is happening on the continent he reads not only American books, but newspapers and magazines, and it may surprise American readers to know that he is well informed on all the topics of the day, political, religious, and social He has taken a deep interest in the cause of labor in the United States and reads every thing bearing on that subject which comes to hand Once a week a well selected bundle of American newspapers is sent to the Vatican, and the pope and those that surround him know not only what is going on in the United States, but they are familiar with the calibre and character of the men who make laws and enforce them. It is so in England also In addition to his correspondence in the British empire, he follows with eager interest the reports in the various newspapers not only of the doings of parliament, but of royalty as well, the progress of the church and the cause of labor Much the same plan is followed in Germany.

Best bodies and vegetable alteratives make Ayer's Sarsaparilla the best blood medicine.

The Northern Pacific are now selling first-class limited tickets through to Chicago for $60, second class, $39 These are the lowest rates now in effect.

AN OPEN LETTER

From Professor J P. Looney, Principal Fulton Public School, in Favor of Drs Darrin

Drs. Darrin Have a Branch Office in Tacoma.

Editor Oregonian—*Dear Sir* I am not in the habit of puffing advertising doctors, but I cannot let this opportunity pass without mention, in justice to the afflicted as well as Dr Darrin. The doctor has cured me of a troublesome catarrh and bronchitis of seven years standing, by electricity and medicine The cure is perfect and permanent I cheerfully recommend his treatment, and will answer all letters addressed to me at Portland. Jan 22, 1890 J P. LOONEY.

There is something about the success Drs. Darrin are meeting with which is truly hard to credit, yet we have it from persons whose veracity we cannot doubt, that their cures are remarkable. The above case is particularly striking. Professor Looney is a man of undoubted integrity and well known throughout the state and nation The above card to Drs Darrin is positive proof of the unexampled success which attends their treatment It shows how radical as well as unexpected, are many of their cures and how chronic diseases of many years' duration are unable to resist their skill, and is but one of the many cases which the doctors have undertaken, and is only one of the scores of patients to whom they have restored health The author of the above statement, we have full assurance in saying was actuated in publishing the same by no other motive than gratitude for his cure and a desire to make known the means to others as unfortunate as himself When we reflect what a great boon is health—when we consider that without it the slightest approach to happiness is impossible—that it is in short the greatest earthly blessing—can we be otherwise than immeasurably surprised to find anyone who has lost this great treasure and yet hesitates to follow a family defined path leading to recovery? To see a sick man or woman neglect or refuse to visit Drs. Darrin, who may do him or her no possible good, and cannot do harm, is equally as inexplicable a mystery Try them, at all events, common sense would suggest. A consultation will cost you nothing The doctors could fill this page with responsible certificates, but their fame is so widespread it is unnecessary The doctors treat all chronic diseases at their parlors in the Washington building corner Washington and Fourth streets, Portland and Hotel Gondolfo, Tacoma

GOLDEN RULE BAZAAR.

BABY CARRIAGES

OUR SPECIAL STYLES FOR 1890

Are now arriving. They exceed in beauty anything in this line yet produced. Prices are lower than ever.

$7.50 STOP IN AND SEE THE CARRIAGES WE ARE OFFERING FOR $7.50

You can not afford to buy a Baby Carriage before visiting the GOLDEN RULE BAZAAR.

MASKS in a Thousand Varieties!
VALENTINES, Comic and Sentimental.
1890 NOVELTIES.

GOLDEN RULE BAZAAR.

Pears' Soap
Fair white hands
Bright clear complexion
Soft soft skin
PEARS'—The Great English Complexion SOAP.—Sold Everywhere

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF FOR PAIN

THE CHAPEST AND BEST MEDICINE FOR FAMILY USE IN THE WORLD

Instantly stops the most excruciating pains; never fails to give ease to the sufferer. For SPRAINS BRUISES BACKACHE, PAIN IN THE CHEST OR SIDES, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, CONGESTIONS INFLAMMATIONS, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, SCIATICA PAINS IN THE SMALL OF THE BACK, or any other external pain, a few applications act like magic, causing the pain to instantly stop. All INTERNAL PAINS, CRAMPS, RHEUMATISM, DYSENTERY COLIC, SPASMS NAUSEA, FAINTING SPELLS NERVOUSNESS, SLEEPLESSNESS are relieved instantly and quickly cured by taking inwardly 20 to 60 drops in half a tumbler of water 50 cents a bottle sold by druggists

With RADWAY'S PILLS there is no better CURE or PREVENTIVE of FEVER and AGUE

DR. SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC
Is a Positive Cure for DYSPEPSIA
And all Disorders of the Digestive Organs. It is likewise a Corroborative or Strengthening Medicine, and may be taken with benefit in all cases of Debility For Sale by all Druggists Price $1 00 per bottle. Dr Schenck's New Book on Lungs, Liver and Stomach mailed free on address, Dr J H Schenck & Son, Phila.

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
STANDARD FOR OVER HALF A CENTURY
Cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn Flatulency, Colic, and all Diseases of the Stomach, Costiveness, Inflammation, Diarrhœa, Piles, and Diseases of the Bowels, Congestion, Biliousness, Jaundice, Nausea, Headache, Giddiness, Nervousness, Wandering Pains, Malaria, Fever Complaints, and all Diseases arising from a Deranged and Sluggish Liver. They clean the mucous coats, reduce gorged or congested conditions break up stubborn complications, restore free, healthy action to the organs, and give the system a chance to recover tone and strength. They are
PURELY VEGETABLE, STRICTLY RELIABLE, AND ABSOLUTELY SAFE.
For Sale by all Druggists Price 25 cts per bottle. Dr Schenck's Book on Consumption sent free on receipt of price, mailed free by all Drugg

WERE THE WHOLE PENINSULA LYING BETWEEN THE COLUMBIA AND WILLAMETTE, NORTH OF THE BASE LINE, CLEARED AND STAKED OFF AS ONE ADDITION, THE CHOICEST SPOT OR CREAM OF THE WHOLE GRAND TRACT WOULD BE WHAT IS NOW

ROSEDALE ADDITION.

RIGGEN & HOLBROOK.

MARGARETTA AVE. — MOTOR LINE — EIGHTH STREET — SECOND STREET — THIRD STREET — FOURTH STREET — FIFTH STREET — SIXTH STREET — SEVENTH STREET — EIGHTH STREET — NINTH STREET — TENTH STREET — ELEVENTH

	1	14
1	$375	$375
2	$350	$350
3	$350	$350
4	$350	$350
5	$350	$350
6	$350	$350
7	$375	$375

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 29.

OREGONIANA.

The Roseburg *Review* boasts of splendid weather in Douglas county throughout the entire winter The Umpqua valley is indeed a favored spot

An inquirer at Mount Tabor wants to know "how long it has been since subscribers paid postage on newspapers?" About eighteen years

Rents are very high in Baker City and the erection of more business houses is much needed Landlords it is reported, are now making 8 per cent per month on their investments

A large force of men are at work on the Freestone quarry in Douglas county, and a large amount of rock is being furnished the Southern Pacific Company The rock is of a superior quality easily worked and so near the railroad track that, with proper management it will always be a profitable industry

The blue laws still have existence in Oregon Fred Scherzinger was tried recently before Justice Knifong, at Tillamook charged with fishing on Sunday The charge was not substantiated Any ardent fisherman ought to possess sufficient shrewdness to circumvent a law that ought to have been erased from the statute books years ago

Wilson Weavins broke the record on the hunting business this week by getting three wild cats and a squirrel at two shots says the Hood River *Glacier* First he ran across a wild cat which had killed another and was making a meal off it he killed the cannibal and secured two The next one had a big quarrel for dinner and a well directed shot murdered him

If the present rate of mortality as reported from various sources among the Siletz Indians continues the red men on that reservation are doomed to early extinction The various tribes settled on the reservation originally numbered over 3000 Now there are less than 600 all told and, these are rapidly passing away unto the happy hunting grounds Who will gather up their history and poetic traditions and preserve them for posterity?

Mr Mattoon, father of Hattie and Kate Mattoon says the Albany *Democrat* who died such wholesale robbing from their employers at Albany has made satisfactory arrangements for the settlement of the matter He expressed himself as greatly grieved at the course taken by his daughters and was anxious to make all possible reparation Mr Mattoon was very indignant at the conduct of the Smith boys of Ashland as shown by the letters found in the girls' trunks, and proposed having justice done.

The people of Tillamook are greatly inconvenienced on account of the irregular and unreliable mail service to North Yamhill No doubt the mail carriers are doing all in their power to give relief, but the *Headlight* suggests that whoever gets the contract for carrying the mails next year take into consideration the fact that the work will greatly increase and the figures for carrying it should be set high enough to enable the contractor to have additional force on the mountain during the worst part of the winter

WASHINGTONIANA

Olympia is already sufficiently demoralized by the legislature as to need a Young Men's Christian Association

The case of [illegible] Olympia involving the authority of the city to create and maintain fire limits has been argued before Superior Judge Irwin and taken under advisement

A first class ferry boat will be put on Port Townsend bay and adjacent waters running up to Irondale Hadlock Long Harbor and Whidby island A franchise for the line has already been granted.

A log sixteen feet long which will scale $200 feet of lumber was rolled into the river the other day at Centralia to be sawed at one of the mills This gives quite an idea of the immensity of some of the trees of this section

In 1889 the assessed valuation of Tacoma was a little over $26 000 000 Some of the largest taxpayers are Garretson Wood ruff & Co $502 000, Grigg & Hewitt, $510 000, Grigg, Hewitt & Jones syndicate $700 000, Northern Pacific Railroad Company $846 000, Tacoma Land Company, $4 440 000 Over twenty five individuals pay on $100 000 and more

A case was tried in the justice court of J L Brown, at Tanwater, on Wednesday last that attracted a deal of local interest The suit was brought by an old man named Charles Honick against James Wilson to recover $100 lost at "faro" The jury after considering the matter less than five minutes returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $99 and costs An appeal was taken by defendant to the superior court.

A professional beggar at Olympia enswathed his hand in a voluminous bandage which he had soaked in blood at a slaughter house, and then started out to canvass the town for alms, telling the credulous citizen that he had met with a severe accident and being penniless was in sorry need and forced to beg for assistance The chief of police took his itinerant excellency in charge and hastened his departure from the city

Regarding the creation of a county made up of Spokane and Whitman the Oksdale *Sun says* We expect both Spokane and Colfax to fight it, but if the legislature is true to its duty and the constitution of the state they will pay about as much attention to those wails of disapproval as a deaf man would to the roar of a Niagara An unprejudiced legislature will not hesitate a minute to obey the wish of petitions of legal voters who, in framing their petition have complied strictly with the constitution If the legislature does not give us the county we have asked for it will put itself to an open shame and bring the constitution into disrepute

Columbia County Notes

ST HELENS, Jan 28—[Special correspondence] —The Pacific Postal Telegraph Co has established an office at Milton staffed for the convenience of the Portland Paving Company

G W McBride secretary of state has brought suit against Major E G Adams of South Bend Wick Maine in the circuit court for Columbia county, to recover $700 Major Adams formerly published the *Columbia* at this place

Two schooners are under contract to arrive here soon from California to load with lumber They have a capacity of 30 000 ft each Preparations are being made to run the sawmill here to its full capacity

Several Belgian block masons arrived this week from California and went to work for the Portland Paving Co

VESTIBULED TRAIN SERVICE

Over the Northern Pacific railroad dining cars and sleeping cars every day in the year Portland to Chicago twenty five miles the shortest route

Second class passengers too are afforded excellent accommodations

SEVEN HOURS AND THIRTY SIX MINUTES Saved in reaching Chicago via this line Office, 121 First street corner Washington

The Union Pacific

Is the only line running two trains daily from Portland to Omaha, the Kansas City Chicago St Louis and the East to Last and South. Ticket office No 81 First street corner of Oak

Why suffer from a cold when Ammen's Cough Syrup will cure you at once

KILLED BY A FALLING TREE.

Death of a Boy in the Nehalem Range—A Female Tramp His Companion.

HILLSBORO, Jan 28.—[Special Correspondence] Yesterday a party of men from the Buxton region near the Nehalem mountains, brought in the dead body of a boy fifteen or sixteen years old for disposition by the county authorities along with the body they also brought in a woman between thirty and forty years of age, who had been the companion of the youth It appears they had both tramped from Astoria on through Nehalem and were making for Forest Grove.

When on the top of the Nehalem mountains near Cape Horn, a tree was blown down upon them and the head of the young man was crushed The woman went for assistance and came to a bachelor's cabin This man assisted by one or two others, carried the young man to his cabin, where he and the woman were cared for Medical aid was received but little or nothing could be done and the young man never regained consciousness dying Saturday morning

The woman positively refuses to speak about him or divulge his name She gives the name of Marsha I but it is doubtful if this is her true name as she is extremely reticent She was taken in charge by the county authorities and sent to the county poor house The body of the young man was interred to day at the expense of the county The men say that the pair were in a very filthy condition

OREGON CITY NEWS

Raising the Bonus for a Cannery Will Johnson's Condition—Attempted Burglary

OREGON CITY, Jan 28.—[Special Correspondence]—The Board of Trade committee having in charge the matter of raising a bonus for a cannery have so far been fairly successful. The bonus asked is $10 00) The site has been selected just outside of the city limits on the river bank north of town

Hon W C Johnson's condition is much as it has been the past week He is daily gaining slightly in strength and may in a measure recover, but his attending physicians say that any gain can only be temporary as an abnormal growth has been found to exist in the hydroid region probably upon or in close juxtaposition to that organ. The nature of this tumorous growth is as the not definitely known or is not made public. Stronger nourishment is now administered to the patient at present and retained upon the stomach with very favorable results

Lewis Whitlatch was buried to day having died of typhoid fever

A Trembath's saloon was entered this morning by burglars through one of the back windows Besides the contents of the till some liquor was taken No attempt was made upon the safe, which stood near the front window

THE BABY HOME AND THE REFUGE HOME

PORTLAND Jan 2—[To the Editor]—There seems to be confusion in the minds of some persons in regard to these two institutions which the following will make clear The baby home is for infants and small children only and is situated in East Portland on Fourteenth and K streets

The refuge home is what its name indicates a refuge for girls and women who having desired from the path of virtue seek a place of refuge from their sin where they are surrounded with Christian influences and where special efforts are put forth for their reformation and their conversion to Christ Whoever reads the report given evidence of sufficient moral strength to enable it to battle successfully and with safety against the obstacles which are sure to beset her she is discharged from the home or in other words a home with means and proper employment are sought for her and she is seen on her way rejoicing The Refuge home not only receives and protects the fallen but during the last year has been on good footing in receiving a number of small girls, through the aid and co-operation of Policeman Wood and Jim Powers from the threshold of a life sure to end in a life of shame but for the timely aid given by sheltering and protecting them in the Refuge until in some instances the children were taken to their parents In other cases good homes have been found at the hands of benevolent and humane strangers This brief sketch, we think, will make clear the difference between the Baby home and the Refuge home, and in addition we can unhesitatingly say that the Refuge home is situated in Portland at 707 Second street corner of Columbia, in what will be recognized as by our citizens as the Cardwell property The two institutions are under separate management and each the one in no way responsible for the management of the other

THERE ARE SEVERAL SPECIES

EUGENE, Oregon, Jan 27.—[To the Editor]—In the law prohibiting shooting the Japanese pheasants they are described as Ring neck Mongolian pheasants Green Japanese pheasants Copper pheasants and Scholmerings Are these different names for the same bird or were there several kinds imported

T FLETCHER

Singers and public speakers find Ayer's Cherry Pectoral invaluable It never fails to cleanse the throat and strengthen the voice.

The steamer De Soto was burned in the Ohio river one mile below Owensboro Ky at 2 o'clock Tuesday morning The boat is a total loss No lives were lost

Rheumatic Pains

Gradually give way to Hood's Sarsaparilla as this great blood purifier neutralizes the acidity of the blood which causes rheumatism and gives vitality and strength to the whole system. The fact that thousands of sufferers have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla is the strongest reason we can give why you should try this medicine If you are afflicted with rheumatism

I have been ailing for several years with rheumatism and nervous diseases, and have had the best treatme t with no benefit. I was finally induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and have used four bottles. Since using it I have gained 20 pounds and feel better than I have for years ABRAM SAMS Wauseon Ohio

We could not be without Hood's Sarsaparilla it is the best medicine we ever kept in the house My family are all taking it. MRS J M BARBER San Joaquin and Fremont streets Stockton Cal

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists $1 six for $5 Prepared only by C I HOOD & CO, Apothecaries Lowell Mass

100 Doses One Dollar

MEETING NOTICES

Portland Hibernia Benevolent Society—Attention—All members of this society are requested to meet at the St Vincent's Hospital with mourning badges, at 9 30 A M sharp to attend the funeral of the late Thos Mathews By order THOS. KEARNEY President

W J KELLY, Secretary

Portland Chapter No 3, R A M—Special convocation of this chapter will be held in Masonic Temple this (Wednesday) evening at 7 30 o'clock for the M E degree Members and visiting companions invited By order of the M E H P A S GIBB Sec.

Samaritan Lodge No 2 I O O F.—Regular meeting this (Wednesday) Evening at 7 30 o'clock. Members are requested to attend. Visitors made welcome H S ALLEN, Secretary

BORN

At Tacoma on January 25 1889 to the wife of Leo S Ashton a son

MARRIED

On January 29th by Rev T E Clapp at the residence of Mr Robert Jones, Portland Or George E Dayton to Sarah B Wilcox

Schwab Bros Printing and Lithog Co, Lowest Prices 112 and 114 Front st

Board by the meal day, week month and dish at the Magnolia Restaurant

LIVE TO DAY

FRESH OREGON LARD AT RANIER MARket T J GILHAM Proprietor 8ot7

PUBLIC TYPEWRITER—NO 3 WASHINGTON st W A RIETROUT Stenographer 31dlm*

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS Of approved security S F BEDMAN 22 24½

THE LATEST STYLES OF OPERA WRAPS AT L. L. Litt's Third and Alder 29 and 31 Rue Mode Harbe 28½

COOK STOVES—$7 $10 $15 A F O'REILLY'S Third and Morrison sts Crockery and lamps to suit the times 30tf

HANDSOME IMPORTED OPERA WRAPS ARE to be had at R B Litt's Third and Alder 29 and 31 Rue Mode Parle 29tf

FOR RENT—FOR 3 MONTHS FURnished house at Mount Tabor, on motor line inquire 48 Ninth street 28½

BLANCHFLOWER'S RESIDENTIAL TABOR $1000 6 lots fine view addition HUGHES BROWN & CO 72 Washington st 1*

WANTED—A SITUATION BY GIRL 16½ YEARS old to do light housework or at send errands Address I T care Oregonian 28½

2 BEAUTIFUL LOTS ONE CORNER NINE 2 5 hour motor line on a Sunside price $675 HUGHES BROWN & CO 72 Washington st 1*

WANTED—DRAFTING PUPILS IN A SCHOOL Applications to be addressed to Box Jan 31 18 0 D F M Pickle Clerk Portland Or 27½

100 ACRES NEAR ST JOHNS $30 000 $10 000 cash balance 0 years time if so want HUGHES BROWN & CO 72 Washington st 1*

A BIG BARGAIN—LOTS 5 AND 8 IN BLOCK 18 Multnomah $425 each 5 each balance in 1 year MENEFEE BROS Albina

FOR SALE—2 LOTS IN BLOCK 30 ALBINA Multnomah $1000 cash 6 lots in block 30 Albina Add MENEFEE BROS Albina

R ANDERSON WHOLESALE CANDY manufacturer No 324 First st bet Ankeny and Market Country orders solicited Telephone 415

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEwriter who can assist upon books or act as bookkeeping stating salary expected B Oregonian Office 29½

MACLEAY & HALLIDAY ATTORNEYS at Law rooms 4 6 7 2d floor Washington block corner Fourth and Washington street Portland Or 1158*

THE STANDARD THEATRE WILL HAVE for 1 ght to let all 1 hts on the ground floor on the south side of Oak st B A M Dock 1 to 5 of 1st street south side 1*

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO RE TAILING books and make himself generally useful a man who looks and is respectable German preferred Address I Z care Oregonian 29½

FOR SALE—ON INSTALLMENTS HOUSE OF six rooms with bath and modern conveniences 1 lot 50x100 feet of Russell street addition to Albina in block 41 Meeker Bros Albina 5tf

FOR CHOICE LOTS IN YOUNG'S ADDITION to Albina call in and get a bargain if sold by Thursday Apply to W Rogers rooms 12 and 13 Sec 1 Ho Albina Building 28½2*

NICE DIVIDEND NO 2 OF PORTSMOUTH Real Estate Co is now payable at the office of the treasurer No 2 Washington st

$3600—A LOT AND 6 ROOMED COTTAGE new with modern improvements 1 truly I call 1 few blocks from Rose street line in East Portland 2 5000 down Call early at 1 Apply to M F Cutler 1110 Fourth st East Portland

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE BRANCH 1 side of one of the best 5 cent 1 cent 5 cent 1 cent 5 cent 1 cent

IN AND ABOUT PORTLAND.

The Republican State Central Committee Will Meet in March.

Scarcity of Two-Cent Postage Stamps—Uncle Sam Buys a Quarry—Campbell Will Meet Sullivan—The Welcome Rain.

THE RESTORATION—Summer morning sun or spring southwind, never imparted hope to the earth more effectually than did yesterday's refreshing rain, coming down without let or hindrance, an unadulterated downpour. The air which the hungry lungs, burdened with exhilarating the sick with moisture, eagerly inhaled. The bronchitis and pneumonia, cagerly inhaled. The pneumonias downpour agitated the spirits of the pneumonias downpour agitated the spirits of the pneumonious downpour agitated the spirits of the pneumonious downpour agitated the spirits of the pneumonious

...ne Oregonian.

...TLAND, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 29.

QUALITY OF INTRINSIC VALUE.

...common with all extreme advocates of ...ited silver coinage, Senator Teller, of ...ado, complains that all legislation that ...or proposes to limit the coinage of ...would treat silver "merely as a com...y"—as "so much pig iron." Gold, he ...has the advantage of free coinage and ...ation under the stamp of the govern... while silver, not having this advan... beaten down in price.

...re is palpable confusion of ideas here. ...e fact is a commodity, and never can ...thing else, while there is an attempt ...ke silver something more than a ...odity, that is, to give it currency and ...through the favor of the government. ...tands on its own legs the world over. ...amp of a government not only is not ...ary to give it value or add to its value, ...fact does neither, and attempts to do ...In any form, the world over, gold ...y as much as when it has a govern... stamp upon it, which stamp doesn't ...se its value in the least, but is merely ...tificate by a competent authority of the ...ht and fineness of the piece, and there... is a convenience, but is not an element ...lue. At any place, or in any event, the ...but for its more convenient form, ...d buy no more than bullion.

...ese conditions the extreme advocates ...ver wish to reverse, in the case of their ...ite metal. They want the government ...at its stamp on all silver that may be ...ght to it, mint, so as to give the silver ...tional value by making it bear on its ...statement that it is worth more than ...ally is. They want a policy that would ...ase as they suppose the value of silver, ...which in fact would only temporarily in... its nominal purchasing power. Only ...porarily we say, because the inevitable ...t would be a steady rise of all prices ...ured in silver, since, under unlimited ...age, silver in the course of exchanges, ...d buy less and less, until it reached a ...t where it would simply pay for what it ...worth as bullion. It is held above that ...t now by restriction of its coinage and ...limited consequent interchangeability ...gold.

...t this interchangeability would be lost ...r free coinage of silver. It can only be ...tained by keeping silver in its present ...tion of a subsidiary coinage, or by pro...ing in some way that the intrinsic value of ...ilver in every dollar shall at all times be ...l to its nominal value. The first object ...complished by limiting the coinage of ...r. So long as gold is made the chief ...ey metal and is generally accepted as ...rue standard of value, silver coins of ...intrinsic value may be largely employed ...a subsidiary currency in minor ...ages. It will pass in this way at its ...inal value, just as the fractional silver ...ency, worth still less intrinsically, pass... its nominal value. The gold carries it ...entirely proper to coin and circulate ...as much silver as can be carried and ...tained at its nominal value in this way. ...t ought to be perfectly understood that, ...a natural limit of a subsidiary coinage is ...eded, gold will break down under the ...en, interchangeability will cease, silver ...be at a discount as compared with gold, ...demands of foreign exchange will drain ...country of gold, our own currency will ...ine to the silver standard, the purchas... power of the silver dollar will fall to its ...al value, and prices of all commodities ...rise in proportion.

...e other method of maintaining the in...hangeability of silver and gold is so ...rovide that the gold and silver dollar ...l always have the same intrinsic value. ...is impossible with actual coin... because the value of sil... is fluctuating in relation to ... the accepted standard and measure ... of the whole civilized commercial ...d. To-day, about 500 grains of pure ...r are worth a dollar. Coins containing ...amount of metal would be interchange... with gold now; but, three months from ..., they might be worth more or less. It ...possible to make coins of two metals ...anently interchangeable. Mr. Win...'s silver plan is a device to escape this ...ssibility, by employing a sort of silver ...ificates instead of coins, each represent... a dollar's worth of bullion at a certain ... and redeemable either in the same ...unt of bullion or in gold at its nominal ...e. This secures a certain clumsy inter...geability, and provides a way to use sil... as a money metal without exposing the ...ess of the country to the inevitable ...s of free coinage. It is an honest attempt ...e part of the government to go as far ... is safe to go in admitting silver as a ...ey metal. It ought to be satisfactory to ...ybody but the selfish mine-owner who ...s the government to pay him 40 per ... premium, and the swindling debtor ... wants to scale down his debts 40 per

..., THE PEOPLE OF ENGLAND."

...e New York *Herald* lectures the New ...land states for their inconsistency in ...g President Harrison 38 out of their 44 ...oral votes in 1888, and sending 23 high ...Republicans to congress out of a dele...on of 26, while they are clamoring for ...democratic doctrine of free trade in raw ...erials. The *Herald* says:

...w England wants free wool, free iron ore, ...oal, free scrap iron and a strong reduction ...e duty on pig iron. Why did not the men ... now clamor for this vote the democratic ...t? The democrats offered these things, but ...ffer was contemptuously rejected by New ...and. In the present house there are only ... democrats—three friends of free coal, free ... free iron ore—from all New England. If ...England really wanted free raw material, ...section ought to have and would have sent ...y-six democrats to congress. Then free raw ...erials would have been a natural and sure re...

Let us have honest politics. If New Eng...really wants free raw materials, her people ...y so next fall in the congressional elec... The attempt now making in New England ..., on the inspiration of manufacturing capi..., to bulldoze New England congressmen ...bolting from their party on the tariff is dis...st to the last degree.

...is reproach would be entirely just; if ...assumption upon which it is based were ...anted. But we don't believe it is. We ...t believe the people of New England ...t any of these things a few interested ...ufacturers are clamoring for. The *Her...* commits a common and familiar logical ...r in taking the part for the whole. It is ...le group of manufacturers who want ... trade in raw materials, bearing about ...same numerical relation to the people of ... as the nine tailors of Tooley street to ...people of old England. The last cam... was made in New England distinctly ... the tariff issue. The verdict of the ...le of those states upon it is certainly a ... trustworthy indication of what they ... than the clamor of two mugwump pa... and the resolutions and petitions of a ...knot of interested capitalists.

...is not easy to see why the people of ...England, the rank and file who work ...factories, cultivate farms and elect con...men and presidential electors, should ... free trade in raw materials. What ...would it do them, pray? It would ...pen nothing that they have to buy. It ...d add to the price of nothing that ... have to sell. It would simply ...oney into the pockets of certain manu...rers, to enable them to continue what ...all foresee must become a losing business ...r the present conditions. It would not ...increase the wages of labor, since the ...England manufacturer will still have to ...the competition of his more favorably situated western rival and must scale wages down to the lower point in order to do business at all. There is only one reason why New England should wish for free trade in raw materials. If they were absolute free traders in opinion, if they believed that free trade in all articles would be better for the farmer, the laborer and the artisan, they might join in the clamor of the manufacturers. For it is certain that free trade in raw materials means free trade all around. If New England wants free wool, free iron, free coal, the western consumer wants free blankets and clothing, free agricultural implements and hardware. He is willing to pay a tax on what he consumes in return for protection on what he produces. Deny him the latter, and see how quickly he will repudiate the former. The New Englander, like the western consumer, would benefit by free trade in finished goods, and might reasonably join in the present crusade as a step towards it, but it is doubtful if his support would be welcomed by the manufacturers on these terms.

SEAL PROTECTION.

In obedience to a resolution passed by the United States senate, to postpone action upon bids for the lease of the Seal islands until after February 20, the secretary of the treasury has declared his intention to hold back his advertisements until February 21. As under the law now existing the lease must be made by May 1, not only is the time for considering bids made unreasonably short, but the successful bidder, if it be a new firm, will have but very little time to prepare for carrying on the business.

In the meantime no steps have apparently been taken for the protection of the industry, though it is an universally accepted fact that, without protection, there will soon be no industry. The measures adopted in this direction in previous seasons have only brought ridicule upon the departments of the government having these matters in hand, and vexation to the souls of unfortunate officers of customs and the revenue marine, charged with carrying out indefinite and sometimes impossible orders.

The proclamation of President Harrison, issued a year ago, stated in plain and dignified language that the United States considered the seal rookeries as a national reservation, and that private sealing vessels would be seized if caught following their pursuit in Bering sea. Such a document, emanating from one of the great governments of the earth and giving fair warning of its intentions in ample time to prevent business men from investing money in a traffic thereby declared illegal, should have elicited an immediate reply from all maritime powers interested, but certainly from Great Britain. It seems, however, that no such reply came in the shape of either protest against or acknowledgment of the claim. American sealers, being assured that the government was in earnest, generally kept out of Bering sea, only to witness the farce enacted there of seizing British vessels, confiscating a few skins and then sending the craft to Sitka in charge of a single man who, of course, could not prevent their going to Victoria instead. The consequence of these half-way measures is that already twenty-eight sealing schooners are being fitted out in British Columbia, and will be ready to sail in a few days to follow up the schools of seals as they appear along the coast on their way to Bering sea.

The policy pursued in dealing with this question has always been the same. In no single instance of seizure of a sealing vessel has the law been allowed to take its course, until it has become a matter of mingled ridicule and disgust with the officers charged with the duty—a duty to be avoided rather than to be performed—and if no change be contemplated in this respect, it would be better for the United States to recede promptly from the position taken heretofore, and to relieve a congress already overburdened with bills from further legislating on the subject.

The attitude of Russia in protecting her seal islands situated also in Bering sea, but more directly in the open highway to the Arctic, has been more dignified as well as more effective.

On Bering and Copper islands a military guard has been stationed to prevent the landing of sealers, and one or more armed cruisers of the Russian navy watch the surrounding waters. In addition to this government officer, authorized to make seizures, is placed on each of the vessels of the lessees, which carry the Russian flag. The most important feature of Russia's policy, however, is that seizure really means seizure and confiscation of everything. Crew after crew of ventturesome Americans, Englishmen and Japanese have been taken off their vessels and carried to the ports of Vladivostok, Nikolaievsk and Petropavlovsk to find their way home as best they could, and at the same time the Russian government does not find itself involved in any dispute on the subject. The master of one of the Alaska Commercial Company's vessels, under the Russian flag was prosecuted in San Francisco for piracy in making one of their seizures, but was acquitted upon the evidence presented.

During the last few years sealing ventures in the waters adjoining the Russian islands have been almost totally abandoned, and we are confronted with the strange paradox of seeing a claim identical with ours in Bering sea, and founded upon the same basis, both enforced and respected in Russia's hands, while it is neglected by government and disregarded by the public in ours.

"LUMP SUMS" FOR RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.

Our representatives in congress are determined that if the Columbia river does not have an equal chance in the matter of appropriations with other great waterways of the nation it will not be their fault. Representative Hermann's $75,000 amendment in favor of the Columbia river to the senate bill calling for an emergency appropriation of $250,000 for the Missouri river has been a matter of congratulation throughout the state, and now Senator Dolph comes in with a bill asking an appropriation of a lump sum for the improvement of the Columbia river aggregating $3,846,600, in imitation of like bills for the improvement of the Sault Ste. Marie and other rivers.

It has not, as is well-known, been the policy of congress heretofore to make "lump" appropriations for river improvements. Its policy, on the contrary, has been to dole out the money appropriated from year to year—being in many instances scarcely more than sufficient to repair the ravages of water and weather upon the work of former years.

That this is economy of the penny wise and pound foolish order all admit, yet so wedded has congress been to custom in these cases that the error has been repeated from year to year to the great detriment of the public interests in which the work was originally undertaken. River and harbor improvement throughout Oregon has suffered unnecessary delay, and the federal government has been put to unnecessary expense in conducting it because of this expensive and dilatory policy. The story is the same, whether told concerning the improvement of the mouth of the Columbia, the building of the locks at the Cascades, or the construction of government works at Yaquina. The money has frequently given out at the most inopportune times and at the most critical points, and suspension of work has been followed by dilapidation, more or less serious according to the severity or mildness of the season and the long or short period of suspension.

An "emergency appropriation," designed to avert or arrest injury to the work caused by absolute suspension of operations for several months of each year is aptly named, and the arguments urged in securing it might be used with effect in advocating the "lump appropriations" for which Senator Dolph's bill provides. There is, perhaps, little prospect that these appropriations will be favorably considered, since the reasons back of them are the same that have been urged for years in favor of larger or "lump" appropriations for public works undertaken, but it is good wise policy to ask for what is needed, although an affirmative answer is among the things wholly unexpected.

BRUTALITY AND BARBARISM.

Ours is not yet an ideal republic. The fact has been brought into prominence through recent outrages in the South, commented on in the senate, that there is less protection for American citizens in parts of our own country than in the most distant quarters of the globe. In Mississippi and other Southern states there is no redress for the most hideous outrages, for the most flagrant violation of the citizen's constitutional rights, in any case wherein political prejudice is aroused against him; and this barbarian intolerance is directed as well against whites as blacks, as the case of Tsince, in Mississippi, proves.

This case was one of peculiar outrage. Citizens of Aberdeen, Miss., were indulging themselves in the pleasure of burning in effigy Secretary Proctor, of the war department, in retaliation for his omission to suspend at half-mast a flag over the department building at Washington in honor of Jefferson Davis. Faunce, a white citizen of foreign birth, a tinner by trade, at work on the top of a building, accidentally loosed a rope that suspended the effigy; and for this act he was seized by constituents of the Mississippi senators, whipped brutally and otherwise maltreated, and ordered to leave the town. As Senator Ingalls said, suppose a citizen of the United States had been thus foully dealt with in any distant country of the globe, what then? We would have reparation, or there would be war.

Under the brutal despotism that prevails in our Southern states, men are obliged to take refuge in silence and in abjuration of their political and constitutional rights. In ten states the repression is general. There is no equal despotism in any portion of the civilized globe. And the worst of it is that the country at large is as yet too cowardly to apply any remedy. This species of outrage based on political intolerance, has been going on in the South during fifty years, or ever since the politics of slavery became the controlling force in that region. As a survival of brutality and barbarism, it appears hopeless.

Emotional religion of a type that was aroused by the labors of Peter Cartwright in the pioneer era of the Middle West, though not as common in these calculating days wherein a reason is required for all things as in the olden times, still enjoys occasionally a spasmodic "revival" during which "mourners" grovel and wail at the "anxious seat," sisters shout, brethren exhort, and enthusiasm is deepened by a rapturous singing of never-ending choruses and the resounding voice of prayer. The number of converts is triumphantly heralded from the pulpit amid the fervent "amens" of the workers, and the "revival" proceeds until having run its regular course it subsides, and lethargy in proportion to the physical exhaustion induced by a violent play upon the emotions supervenes. Very little, comparatively, of the "religion" professed while laboring under this strain of mental excitement and physical exhaustion is of a permanent type. It would be a wonder, indeed, if much of it did not subside with the fervor that induced it. This is a natural consequence of irresponsible action, and to the extent that it weakens in the mind of its subjects, a veneration for things intuitively sacred to the human heart emotional religion with its ephemeral frenzy is to be deplored.

The republicans of the house of representatives have cut out a trying task for Speaker Reed. In view of their narrow and precarious majority, they have determined to act upon all the contested election cases before adopting the new code of rules. This means that the bitterest and most sharply contested partisan struggle of the session is to be fought out with the house in its present anomalous condition, one side claiming that the rules of the last session are still in force, and the other holding that these expired with the last congress and that the house is legislating under the rules and practice of common parliamentary law only. The republicans, having the speaker and a majority to sustain him, will easily enforce their holdings; but this will not prevent the opposition from contesting and obstructing every step of their proceedings. Under the vague general principles of parliamentary practice, the speaker will often be called upon to make decisions on his own authority that cannot possibly be acceptable to the democrats. His position is one of great delicacy and difficulty. So far, he has filled it with more firmness, tact and discretion than his career on the floor warranted his most enthusiastic admirers in expecting from him.

Even the plebeian abbreviation "Wash.," to which the citizens of the state of Washington were compelled to submit in designating their state, has been found insufficient to protect the mail matter of two diverse portions of the country from delay and confusion, and the superintendent of the railway mail service has ordered that all slips on packages of letters and sacks of papers be marked "Washington State," and "Washington, D. C.," according to their destination. It is evident that among the mistakes of the people of the new state the decision to retain the name of Washington is one that is likely to cause as much inconvenience in the future as any other. Confusion resulting from a similarity of names is something that a people might easily spare themselves, and it may be considered unfortunate that they did not do so in this instance.

Frank J. Bell, of Roseburg, Tangent and Albany, is in trouble. He has, it appears, an uxorious taste, the indulgence of which, is prohibited by our tyrannical laws, and finding himself face to face with two wives, and a damsel whom he was wooing as number three, he was compelled by the heartless minions of the law to go to jail in the last named city, where he languishes in default of $2000 bonds. The young man, though something of a traveler, had evidently mistaken his location, and it may be presumed that after his term in the Oregon penitentiary is finished he will stick close to Utah or Southern Idaho, where a man has a better chance to indulge an abounding affection for various women at the same time, under the sanction of marriage, than he has in other sections of the Union.

The Denver bank robbery that caused such a sensation a year or two ago, and of which the public is still in doubt as to whether it was a reality or a myth, was duplicated in boldness and the escape of the perpetrator by the levy upon a faro bank in Seattle Monday afternoon. It is inconceivable how a man can call upon another, in a public place in a city to stand and deliver, force compliance with the demand and get away with the booty, all in broad daylight—yet this was the role that the Seattle desperado played successfully. That city may have outlived the era in its history where impromptu hangings are possible. It may be hoped, indeed, that such is the case, but it may not be well for the reckless criminal from the Whitechapel district to press his thieving methods to the point of blood-shed as did the foot-pads of the city on a memorable occasion some seven years ago. A combination of lawlessness among men, inefficiency among officers and dilatoriness of the courts tries the temper and finally exhausts the patience of the law abiding citizen until he reaches, or may reach a point where forbearance may be reckoned among the more steadfast virtues. It is bad enough for the orderly citizen to be forced to sleep with one eye open, and his revolver under his pillow as he is at present doing in this city, while the sneak-thief laughs at the futile efforts of the police to apprehend him, but when the thief, encouraged by the success of the midnight prowler fearlessly and successfully plies his vocation in broad daylight, the thing gets to be serious.

Arrangements have been made with the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust Company, whereby it agrees to pay an annuity of $50 to each orphan made so by the flood in the Conemaugh valley until the child shall reach the age of 16 years. There are 322 such orphans, and for this purpose an appropriation of $165,000 was made by the state flood relief committee of Pennsylvania. There are also 116 widows, made so by the flood, and to these the sum of $35,000 is to be paid in annuities for a certain term of years, terminating with the period at which their children become self-supporting. The intelligence and forethought in dispensing charity in this way commends itself to the common sense of mankind.

The death of Mrs. S. A. Clark at her home in Salem on Monday evening removes from the scenes of a useful and honored life one of the few remaining pioneer women of Oregon territory. The announcement of her death will recall in many minds recollections of kindness and courtesy received at her hands, both in her own home and in the social circle of which she for many years formed a part. Those who loved her, while they mourn the decree that called her hence, can but feel that nature dealt kindly with her in sparing her the physical sufferings and depression of spirits that result from a long and wasting illness.

Cleopatra's needle which, escaping wreck and defying storm, was several years ago safely landed and added to the attractions of New York city, does not bear the climate well, and a committee was some time since appointed to see what could be done to protect the high monolith from the further ravages of the elements. Professor Ogden Doremus, chairman of the commission, says, pending an official report, that all that can be has been done to protect the needle, but declines to say whether it is in process of decay or not. A climate that is not healthy for an obelisk must be rather trying.

Since the 1st of January, 1888, the enormous sum of $5,000,000 has been spent in the construction of church buildings in New York city. The Episcopal church leads in this expenditure, having spent $1,485,000; The Catholic follows with $1,124,000; the Presbyterian with $480,000, and the Methodist with $275,000. It may well be judged from this that "orthodox" religion is still popular in fashionable circles, even if rationalism is growing among the masses.

Mr. Cleveland, it is reported, has asked Mr. Mills to write an answer to Mr. Blaine's article on the tariff in the *North American Review*. How would it do for Mr. Cleveland to undertake that little job himself?

PERSONS WORTH KNOWING ABOUT.

Mr. Howells, during his editorship of the *Atlantic Monthly*, declined one of his own contributions. Is there another instance on record of a similar feat of editorial self-denial?

Senator Squire received an invitation to attend the last banquet of the Philadelphia Clover Club, but sent his regrets. The Clover is the most famous dining club in the city.

Nathan Frank, of St. Louis, is one of the new members of congress, and in his maiden speech recently, he alluded to Christopher Columbus as the gentleman who discovered America.

The Rev. Dr. Chester, pastor of the Metropolitan Presbyterian church, Capital Hill, Washington, D. C., announced to his congregation that Samuel J. Randall and Mrs. Randall had been admitted to membership in the church.

Marshall P. Wilder, the dwarf humorist, is under engagement to Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt to visit all the New York hospitals and play jester to the patients. In this manner many of the sick are laughed back to health and happiness.

Henry Villard, who has been ill for a long time and unable to attend to business, is recovering under massage treatment. His physical troubles have dwindled down to a slight inconvenience, caused by muscular rheumatism in his shoulder.

Oscar S. Straus, who was Mr. Cleveland's minister to the sublime porte, is one of the most popular Hebrews in New York. His writings on Turkey and the Turks are said to be piquant. He is one of the seven best out ten foreign ministers who write when they come home.

Congressman Flower, who is on the world's fair committee, eight years ago defeated William Waldorf Astor for membership in the lower national house. He is a wealthy man, and is said to have spent $72,000 on the contest. Young Astor found consolation for political defeat in writing good novels.

During his busy lecturing season Mr. George Kennan fights shy of social engagements of all kinds. "My health," he writes to a friend, "is a good deal shaken. I have already spoken fifty-five nights this season. I have 150 more engagements to fill and I am not at all sure that I shall be able to stand this strain. The only way in which I have been able to keep up thus far is by declining all invitations and taking as much rest as possible—sleeping some mornings until noon.

The Rev. Robert Collyer said recently "Not many men know how to behave when they give a minister his fee for marrying them. It seems to embarrass them for some reason. I remember once out in Indiana that a man whom I had just united in marriage to a very comely young woman, gave me $10 for the fee. As he did so he blushed and stammered. Then he said with perfect candor: 'I would like to give you more, doctor, and—and I will next time.' His bride overheard him, and looked at him in a queer way, but he evidently didn't realize what he had said in his embarrassment."

Persons in Portland.

Mr. W. H. Meade, of the Northwestern, contemplates an early trip to San Francisco.

Mr. George Hill, traveling agent of the Union Pacific, is at Spokane with the Duff Opera Company.

Mr. Charles Kennedy, general agent for the Rock Island, leaves for the East to-morrow, having been called in by the officials of the road to confer on matters of importance.

Mr. E. A. Hackett, assistant general agent of the Burlington, has just returned from a tour of the Sound country and Spokane, in the interests of the road. He reports the weather there as bad as it has been here.

A Burlington circular from Omaha announces the appointment of W. I. Vaill as city passenger agent there, vice H. L. Hall. Harry Hall is well known here, but no information has been received as to his future movements.

Passengers Due in Portland.

OVERLAND.

Northern Pacific—Passed Avon Jan. 29: D. Morton and wife, G. E. Case, J. M. Keen, F. A. Bradley, L. R. Manning, Mattie Lewis, Miss Emma Teatel, Mrs. K. K. Whittlesey, W. L. A. Whittlesey, C. M. Oddard and wife, John Lister, Rose Coyle, and forty second-class.

SPIRIT OF THE NORTHWEST PRESS.

CLEAR OUT THE GAMBLERS.

Seattle *Journal*: We believe the city of Seattle has an ordinance forbidding gambling houses. We are under the impression that there are certain city officials sworn to execute the city's laws. Notwithstanding these facts, gambling houses are running freely and openly in this city on almost every officer's beat.

IDAHO'S CLAIM FOR RECOGNITION.

Idaho Daily *Statesman*: Idaho's claim to statehood entitle her to instant admission to the Union. She has a population of 120,000 people and her cities and towns are thriving and progressive. In the Snake river valley are 5,000,000 acres of prolific land. It needs but irrigation and the fickle

THE TWO-RING CIRCUS.

Olympia Legislators Conclude the Anti-Boodle Farce.

THE CLOWN HAS A NEW JOKE

Recent Investigation Cost $1500—The House Wastes Three Hours Hearing a Report, and Then Applies the Whitewash.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 28.—[Special Telegram.]—The great anti-boodle society story, which has been the sensation for two weeks, resulted to-day in a Scotch verdict. The house spent over three hours in wrangling over the matter, and wound up by applying the whitewash brush to Moultray and Cook. That was the best the house could do, but it did not satisfy the two members. They wanted the reporters to be either expelled or censured, but as they had admitted in their testimony before the investigating committee that they had undertaken the organization of a society that was not needed for the expedition of business and not practicable, the house could not give them the clean bill of health they desired. A majority of the members of the house believed as Kuhn, Judson of Pierce and Chairman Edens of the investigating committee believed, that an effort was on foot to organize an unnecessary society, and that if the reporters had waited a day or two somebody would have been hired, and the reporters would not have been the guest.

The investigation was a farce from beginning to end. In the first place there was no authority for the investigation in the constitution. No specific charge having been made, there was nothing to investigate. No one ever committed a crime in organizing an anti-boodle society. Then the house insulted the investigating committee by refusing to enforce power to extract testimony. No wonder the legislature is in contempt with the people, as Kuhn expressed it. Despite the earnest protests of sensible members, the house insisted on hearing the evidence taken by the committee read. The failure of the investigating committee to present a verdict made matters worse. There were frequent motions to dispense with the reading of the evidence, but not until there had been a call of the house did the motion prevail. The house afterward recons dered the motion and continued the reading, which consumed three hours.

All this time little Clark of Spokane, whom the Seattle *Press* has dubbed the clown of the legislative circus, had been preparing a resolution to expel Reporter Scott, of the Seattle *Journal* and THE OREGONIAN correspondent. He scratched out THE OREGONIAN man's name and modestly apply only to Scott. The resolution was strongly condemned by Nims, Evans, Tucker, Kuhn and Judson of Pierce. The cause of Clark's resolution was Scott's article in the *Journal*, which was stronger than those published in the other papers. Kuhn boldly declared that the evidence convinced him that but for Scott the society would have been organized and in Seattle instead of Olympia. Another anti-boodle society would have materialized. Judson of Pierce reiterated Kuhn's remarks and said Scott did nothing more than what an enterprising correspondent should do. Shaw, whom Cook and Moultray had claimed as a member of the society, said there was no doubt in his mind but that the story was true. Plummer said he was convinced there had been an effort to classify the members of the house into two sets.

Clark maintained that if the house did not expel Scott the anti-boodle story would be used against the republican party next fall. Speaker Belaglian grew red in the face and promptly rapped Clark to order for branching off into politics. Eddy was the only one who supported Clark's resolution.

The house then, by an almost unanimous vote, accepted Kuhn's substitute, whitewashing all concerned, and little Clark folded his tent and, like the Arab, stole silently away. The investigation has cost the state about $1600.

Those outgoing senators who contemplate ousting the seventeen hold-over senators might as well give up the idea at once. An ousting bill will never pass the legislature. All of the short term senators are not in favor of such a measure, as one might be led to suppose. The hold-over senators are opposed to it to a man.

It would be foolish for the republicans to think for one moment of turning the hold-overs out of office. There is altogether too much at stake. Next year the legislature will have to elect a United States senator to succeed Squire. Squire and his friends do not want to see the hold-overs turned out.

A prominent Eastern Washington outgoing senator, talking about the matter to-night, said: "The question of the legality of the action of the holdover senators is one of more than passing interest. The constitution imposes upon this legislature the duty of dividing the state into single senatorial districts of contiguous territory, composed nearly as may be, and then all elections after the first, had by virtue of the constitution, shall be held in these single districts. The constitution also provides that all those elected in even numbered districts at the first election shall hold office for three years and that those in the odd numbered districts shall retire at the end of the first year.

"Here are two requirements of the constitution which nullify each other. For example, let us take Whitman county, which constitutes the fifth district. According to the constitution, its three senators, living in an odd district, retire at the close of the first year, and if Whitman county gets its proper and full representation three more senators will have to be elected next fall. But at the next election the senators are to be elected by single senatorial districts consecutively numbered, and as Whitman county has three senators, at least one district must be even, and by the terms of the constitution not eligible to elect a senator.

"If the state is redistricted as proposed by the constitution, Stevens county would be the first district, Spokane the second, third and fourth, Lincoln the fifth, Okanogan, Adams and Franklin the sixth, and Whitman the seventh, eighth and ninth, in that event Whitman county would, if language of the constitution is literally construed, be entitled to elect one senator next fall in that district, which happened to be numbered even. On the other hand, if Spokane, with her three hold-over senators, should be entitled to elect another senator in the district in which she would give her four senators in the next legislature. Whitman man would have only two senators, which would be a violation of every principle of just representation, and would be foreign to the intent and meaning of the constitution, especially so if an easier way can be found out of the dilemma.

"Before suggesting a remedy, let us look at one of the clearest implications of the constitution, viz., that of lessened representation in the next legislature. Two bills have been introduced for that purpose, one by a democrat and the other by a republican. Senator Farris's bill divides the state into twenty-one senatorial districts. Does anyone suppose for a moment that if this bill should become a law, the seventeen senators who represent the districts numbered even in Article 22 of the constitution, would holdover, and that next fall only four new senators would be elected to represent King, Whitman, Columbia, Yakima, Kickelitat, Cowlitz, Chehalis, and nine other counties? It is absurd upon its face, it would be no worse if the present number of members were retained and only senators from the newly numbered odd districts were returned.

"If the language of the constitution is followed, the odd-numbered districts would elect part of the representation they are entitled to, while the even-numbered districts, while retaining their present representation, would also be entitled to elect senators in the odd-numbered districts according to the new numbering.

"There is a much easier way out of the difficulty than the plan suggested by the Farris bill. The senators from the even-numbered districts will fight for it. The plan is to consider that the division of the state into twenty-four districts, made by article 22, plan only temporary, and that the numbering of districts to govern the tenure of office of senators should be left to this legislature. This plan would do no injustice to the people. It would not matter whether there were thirty-five districts to conform with the present senatorial representation or only twenty-one, as the Farris bill proposes. The senators from the even-numbered districts would then retain their seats for three years. In the odd-numbered districts the election next fall would be for four years, and the only harm done would be to the feelings of half a dozen senators who have on an erroneous construction of the constitution, been given certificates of office for three years.

"It has been suggested by Judge Turner that it would be proper for the seventeen senators from the even numbered districts to resign, that a new senate be elected in November, and that those from the even numbered districts be elected for two years, and those from the odd numbered districts for four years. However, there are two objections to this plan. First, it violates the constitution in that the senators from the even districts would not serve three years, and the succeeding election would not be in the odd districts, but all over the state. The second and chief objection is a political one. It is this: What is the necessity for sending sixteen republican senators home for re-election when another United States senator will have to be elected next year."

In response to a senate resolution asking the secretary of state to furnish a complete list of the civil officials of the state, the following was received from him to-day:

State officers		8 County assessors	25
Supreme court justices	2	8 County probate judges	24
Supreme court clerks	1	Coroners	24
Superior justices	12	Justices of the peace	457
Superior judicial districts	24	Constables	441
Prosecuting attorneys	14	Weighmasters	12
County commissioners	102	Sheep commissioners	5
County auditors	24	Notaries public	1374
County sheriffs	24	Total	2730
County treasurers	24		

Chairman Morse and four members of the house railroad committee reported adversely to-day on Kennedy's bill fixing the maximum rate of fare at 4 cents a mile and requiring railroad companies to redeem tickets that have not been wholly used. Their report was to the effect that such legislation is premature at this time, as it would tend to retard the development of the state and discourage the introduction of capital. Others reported [illegible] constitutional amendment providing for railroad commissioners, with legislative control and power to establish maximum rates of [illegible] right to shirk a plain duty, and that the bill was fair to the railroad people. The majority report was [illegible] road commissioner bills that the house [illegible] the best one. The majority report [illegible] were made special order for 2 P. M. [illegible]

The senate to-day indefinitely postponed Jones's bill prohibiting conspiracy, which was one of the measures which the Seattle Central Labor Union demanded that the legislature pass under penalty of withdrawal of political support.

The senate judiciary committee reported substitute resolution for Stevens's joint resolution that the legislature adjourn sine die. The resolution is as follows, and was adopted:

Resolved, by the senate, the house concurring, that no new business except bills reported by standing committees relating to subjects referred to them shall be received by the legislature after the 10th day of February, 1890.

This resolution if adopted by the house will by no means shut off new business. Bills can be presented to various committees, which will then consider them good bills will report them favorably to the senate and house and action will be taken at once on third reading now. The usual [illegible] inanies will be avoided, and much time saved.

The house judiciary committee is [illegible] to report favorably on Evans's bill providing for superior judges to Pierce and King counties, and the joint district of Spokane and Lincoln. Senator Wood asked two additional judges for King county, but did not get them. The judiciary committee will report a bill [illegible] ditional judges in a day or two.

The committee on mines of both houses of the senate were to have met in joint session to discuss Hughes's mining bill, but the committee of representatives of several mining districts present the meeting was postponed [illegible] week.

The house ways and means committee has decided to report favorably on Painter's bill appropriating about $17,000 to make good the deficiency in the Walla Walla penitentiary [illegible]

Governor Ferry has received [illegible] providing for the prosecution of [illegible] on information, for his approval. [illegible] less of any importance has taken place in any of the government offices, with the exception of the appointment of a few notaries.

Senate Proceedings.

Evans's house bill to provide for [illegible] printing reports of the late territorial [illegible] passed.

Wilson's bill to locate a state [illegible] at Ellensburgh had been made [illegible] order for 2 P. M., and was [illegible] Senator Houghton wanted to make [illegible] other bills of the same character, a special order for next Friday afternoon. He was [illegible] however, and the senate proceeded to the bill. The committee had amended it [illegible] out the sections making an appropriation, and they were adopted. The bill was then read [illegible] engrossing committee.

Jones's bill for the establishment and [illegible] of a bureau of labor statistics, agriculture and immigration was taken up on special order. The bill provides for the appointment of such of said animals as may [illegible] affected with tuberculosis, and of such [illegible] been exposed to said disease. [illegible] commission finds that all of said animals diseased are of no value, but will recommend [illegible] payment of $2.00 per head for the killing [illegible] total of the carcasses of said animals. [illegible] mission appraises the value of animals [illegible] exposed to said disease, ordered [illegible] within six months, at an appraised [illegible] head, and will issue its certificate of payment accordingly. You will notify the said owner [illegible] certificates cannot be paid until an affidavit [illegible] therefor shall be made by the legislative [illegible]. If the carcasses of said animals [illegible] buried, they must be covered with quicklime [illegible] of earth. You are authorized to employ [illegible] to orders and to report any refusal to obey [illegible]

GEO. W. McBRIDE,
Secretary of the Oregon Domestic Animal [illegible]

THE WHOLE HERD KILLED.

In accordance with these instructions, [illegible] Bycombe visited Mr. Ladd's farm on Mc[illegible] inspected the killing of thirty-four [illegible] cattle. But few of them showed any [illegible] disease. Six calves killed showed no [illegible] disease, and one bull killed was free from [illegible] another had one small tubercle o[illegible] Mr. As the disease is likely to develop in [illegible] the herd, the killing of the whole herd, [illegible] by the commission, is the only safe [illegible] followed to eradicate the disease. This [illegible] believed to be the only one in the state [illegible] and, prompt action may prevent [illegible] the disease.

Mr. Ladd's loss will be considerable, as h[illegible] head of Jerseys in his herd, old and y[illegible], if free from disease, would be worth [illegible] The first lot he imported came from Pe[illegible] Paris. There were twenty seven head and [illegible] $12,000. They were, Mr. Ladd thinks, pe[illegible] healthy, and he says the disease was intro[illegible] his herd by two cows which he bought [illegible] in California. He has been endeavor[illegible] rease his herd up to 100 milch cows, [illegible] receives $2 for every diseased animal [illegible] $10 for every animal which when ki[illegible] and to be healthy, and is allowed to save [illegible] hides, the money paid by the state is [illegible] not enough to pay for killing and burying [illegible] animals, and the herd is practically a total l[illegible]

A ROUGH AND TUMBLE SET-TO

Fitzsimmons Pounced Upon by a Gan[illegible] Maltreated.

Deputy United States Marshal Joseph N[illegible], who was roughly handled by a ge[illegible] fights at Astoria Sunday morning, writes [illegible] se sailors to the ship Orpheus, arrived [illegible] yesterday. He says four fellows jumped [illegible] and tried to take the men away from [illegible] told them he was a deputy marshal, and [illegible] arrest one of them, but they expressed [illegible] pt for all marshals, and threw him down [illegible] him severely. His pistol dropped out [illegible] ket in the general fracas, and he was ar[illegible] carrying concealed weapons and had [illegible] $30 bail. Fitzsimmons will go down to [illegible] trial. Deputies Roberts and Write[illegible] yesterday to arrest the assailants o[illegible] mons, and if they are to be found will [illegible] bring them to this city. Fitzsimmons [illegible] per appointed under the state law, and [illegible] whether he can be beaten by a gang of [illegible] le in the discharge of his duties with h[illegible] remains to be seen.

SEDUCTION AND ABDUCTION.

B. Daniels Charged With Accomplish[illegible] Ruin of a Fourteen-Year-Old Girl.

A case of seduction and abduction [illegible] ted quite a sensation in police circles [illegible] ght in this city at an early hour yes[illegible] rning. From Officer Woodley were ma[illegible] est of the persons involved in the trou[illegible] lowing statement of the case has been obt[illegible] about 6 o'clock Monday evening, a laund[illegible] ed W. B. Daniels, engaged a hack at [illegible] Houlton's stable on Second street, and c[illegible] ere to take him to the corner of Jefferso[illegible] and streets. Here he got out, but s[illegible] ded, and after handing the driver $10, to [illegible] drive to the corner of Seventh and G [illegible] ere he entered the house in which resi[illegible] and Miller, a prepossessing young girl s[illegible] years of age, and her aunt. The object [illegible] visit was to seek the girl. He told h[illegible] officers he came to her home after [illegible] and that he [illegible] to marry her at once. [illegible] The girl refused, but her aunt consented [illegible] him. He forcibly seized her and put h[illegible] carriage, telling the driver to take t[illegible] mediately, where he promised to get [illegible] girl's aunt also made every plea to [illegible] on Daniels to leave her, but without success [illegible] ever told her that he was hired by Dani[illegible] proposed to obey his instruct

KILLING FINE STOCK.

A Number of Mr. Ladd's Jerseys Found to Be Diseased.

TUBERCULOSIS IS THE TROUBLE

A Letter From the Domestic Animal Commission About the Matter.

W. B. DANIELS NOW UNDER ARREST

He Is Charged With Abduction—Pushing Work Vigorously on the Marquam Grand and the Big Hotel.

It was discovered some time since that a number of Mr. W. S. Ladd's herd of Jersey cattle, kept on his farm back of East Portland, were infected with tuberculosis, a disease which is similar to consumption. The attention of Dr. James Withycombe, state veterinary surgeon, being called to this matter, he examined the cattle and found that several of them were diseased and the remainder had, of course, been exposed to the disease.

He reported the matter to the domestic animal commission, consisting of Governor Pennoyer, Secretary of State George W. McBride and President of the State Agricultural Association D. Lacey. Some of the commissioners visited Mr. Ladd's farm and examined the cattle.

AN OFFICIAL LETTER.

The result of their investigations will be found embodied in the following communication:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.
SALEM, Or., January 22, 1890.

Dr. James Withycomb, State Veterinarian.

Dear Sir: I beg leave to inform you that at a meeting of the Oregon domestic animal commission, held at Salem Monday, January 20, 1890, it was ordered that all the cattle belonging to W. S. Ladd, that are found by you to be affected with tuberculosis, be killed and their carcasses buried as you may direct, and that all cattle that have been exposed to said disease, be kept in strict quarantine on the premises where they are now kept and entirely secluded from all other cattle, and that they be killed within six months from the date of said order.

It was ordered that the owner of said animals be instructed to notify the state veterinarian of the time and place of the killing of any of said exposed animals, and that he be permitted to inspect the flesh of said animals only upon the approval of said veterinarian.

It is further ordered that said owner be notified not to dispose of to other persons, the milk or butter made from the milk of any of said diseased or exposed cattle. You are instructed by said commission to report to its secretary descriptive lists of such of said animals as are now known to be affected with tuberculosis, and of such as have been exposed to said disease.

The commission finds that all of said animals now diseased are of no value, but will recommend the payment of $2.00 per head for the killing and disposal of the carcasses of said animals. The commission appraises the value of animals that have been exposed to said disease, ordered to be killed within six months, at an average of $10.00 per head, and will issue its certificate of appraisal accordingly. You will notify the said owner that such certificates cannot be paid until an appropriation therefor shall be made by the legislative assembly. If the carcasses of said animals shall be buried, they must be covered with at least four feet of earth. You are authorized to execute the above orders and to report your action thereunder.

GEO. W. MCBRIDE,
Secretary of the Oregon Domestic Animal Commission.

THE WHOLE HERD KILLED.

In accordance with these instructions, Dr. Withycombe visited Mr. Ladd's farm on Monday and inspected the killing of thirty-four head of the cattle. But few of them showed any signs of the disease. Six calves killed showed no trace of disease, and one bull killed was free from it, while another had one small tubercle on his lung. As the disease is liable to develop in any of the herd, the killing of the whole herd, as ordered by the commission, is the only safe course to be followed to eradicate the disease. This herd is believed to be the only one in the state so affected, and prompt act on may prevent any spread of the disease.

Mr. Ladd's loss will be considerable, as he has 93 head of Jerseys in his herd, old and young, which, if free from disease, would be worth $35,000. The first lot he imported came from Pennsylvania. There were twenty seven head and they cost $2,000. They were, Mr. Ladd thinks, perfect in healthy, and he says the disease was introduced into his herd by two cows which he bought from a man in California. He has been endeavoring to increase his herd up to 100 milch cows. As he only receives $2 for every diseased animal killed and $30 for every animal which when killed is found to be healthy, and is allowed to save only the hides, the money paid by the state is only about enough to pay for killing and burying the animals, and the herd is practically a total loss.

A ROUGH AND TUMBLE SET-TO.

Jos Fitzsimmons Pounced Upon by a Gang and Maltreated.

Deputy United States Marshal Joseph Fitzsimmons, who was roughly handled by a gang of toughs at Astoria Sunday morning, while taking some sailors to the ship Orpheus, arrived here yesterday. He says four fellows jumped upon him and tried to take the men away from him. He told them he was a deputy marshal, and tried to arrest one of them, but they expressed contempt for all marshals, and threw him down and beat him severely. His pistol dropped out of his pocket in the general fracas, and he was arrested for carrying concealed weapons and had to put up $50 bail. Fitzsimmons will go down to-day to stand trial. Deputies Roberts and Waite went down yesterday to arrest the assailants of Fitzsimmons, and if they are to be found will probably bring them to this city. Fitzsimmons is an officer appointed under the state law, and just as to whether he can be beaten by a gang of toughs while in the discharge of his duties with impunity remains to be seen.

SEDUCTION AND ABDUCTION.

W. B. Daniels Charged With Accomplishing the Ruin of a Fourteen-Year-Old Girl.

A case of seduction and abduction which created quite a sensation in police circles, came to light in this city at an early hour yesterday morning from Officer Woods, who made the arrest of the persons involved in the trouble, the following statement of the case has been obtained.

About 9 o'clock Monday evening, a laundryman named W. B. Daniels, engaged a hack at Wilbur & Moulton's stable on Second street, and told the driver to take him to the corner of Jefferson and Twelfth streets. Here he got out, but soon returned, and after handing the driver $10, told him to drive to the corner of Eleventh and G streets, where he entered the house in which reside Miss Maud Miller, a prepossessing young girl scarcely 14 years of age, and her aunt. The object of Daniels's visit was to seek the girl. He told her that the officers were after him, and that he would have to marry her at once in order to save himself. The girl refused, but her protestations were of no avail. He forcibly seized her and put her into the carriage, telling the driver to take them to Vancouver, where he proposed to get married. The girl's aunt also made every plea to prevail upon Daniels to leave, but without success. The girl told her that he was hired by Daniels and he proposed to obey his instructions.

Before the driver could whip up his horses, however, a 17 year old brother of the girl jumped on to the hack and insisted upon being driven to the city jail. The driver, becoming frightened himself, if anything drove back to the stable for further instructions. As soon as the hack stopped in front of the stable young Miller jumped down and hurried to the city jail to notify the police. Daniels and the girl, who in the meantime had been prevailed upon to adhere to his programme, also got out and secreted themselves in the stable. The girl was then taken to the upper story into the carriage repository, while Daniels found a place of safety among the horses in the basement.

Officer Woods said: "When young Miller made myself known and told me his story I returned in a short time after, we were told that the couple had gone. The hack driver, C. B. Higley, also pleaded ignorance but I doubted his word and took him to the city jail, where he was locked up. Daniels, after having been in hiding some time, began to grow uneasy lest the girl should take a notion to leave and notify the officers of his whereabouts. He accordingly paid the elevator man $10 to take him up stairs to the girl, and soon after both quietly left for parts unknown."

Officer Woods left the stable and made a tour of all the lodging houses in town. After visiting a number he found the couple in a lodging house on Flatiarron, where they were occupying the same apartment. Daniels was placed under arrest and the girl was taken along as a witness.

In the police court yesterday, Daniels was arraigned on a charge of enticing a girl under 16 years of age, away from her home for immoral purposes, and Higley, on a charge of aiding and abetting Daniels. On motion of the district attorney, however, both cases were continued until next term at 3 o'clock afternoon. The court fixed the bail in Daniels's case at $500.

Daniels is said to have accomplished the ruin of the girl about a week ago by getting her intoxicated at an oyster supper. The police say that he is a worthless character, and that he was in a similar scrape about eighteen months ago. Miss Miller is rather large for her age, but has always been a very modest and well-behaved girl. Her mother went to San Francisco on a visit a few months ago.

STATEMENT BY WILBUR & MOULTON.

Messrs. Wilbur & Moulton have made the following statement regarding the action of their driver:

"Our driver, Higley, was in the office reporting an order just filled by him, when one of the men told him he was wanted at his coupe. A man got in and said 'drive me to Twelfth and Jefferson,' when he got out, handed the driver $10, asked him his name and number, and said, 'wait.' He soon returned and instructed the driver to go to Eleventh and G, when a girl got in. After some foul language by the people interested, he was told by a boy to drive to the station. The man said: 'Drive straight to Vancouver. We want to get married.' The driver feeling that all was not right, drove to the stable for instructions, and, after explaining the case to the foreman, he was ordered to have nothing more to do with it, which orders he obeyed to the letter, as will be shown at the trial."

THE MARQUAM—THE PORTLAND.

A Scene of Great Activity—Pushing Work With Vigor on the Interior of These Splendid Structures.

The Marquam Grand Opera house and The Portland are both being pushed to completion as rapidly as possible, and the interior of each of the buildings presents a scene of activity calculated to drive a lazy man wild.

The entrance passage to the opera house is being roofed, and will be covered with cloth and paper for the opening. Inside the scene is bewildering. The scaffoldings are not yet torn down, and while fresco painters are putting the finishing touches on the ceiling, painters and decorators are at work on the boxes; men are busy cleaning out rubbish, others are putting the rich trimmings along railings and ledges and carefully covering them with burlaps to protect them. The rich and elegant carpets and hangings are all ready to be laid or hung. Mr H F. Gullixson, who has a large force of men employed on this work, as well as a double force on the big hotel, is about the busiest man in the city, and seems in a fair way of growing gray before he gets the two buildings completed. As soon as the scaffolding in the theater is down, he will bring some of his forces in from the hotel, and have the carpets in the opera laid, and the hangings put up in a jiffy "behind the scenes." Mr. Moses, the scene painter, and his forces are at work. A large amount of scenery is already completed and hung, and the huge and costly fire-proof curtain of asbestos cloth is suspended ready for the brush. Mr. Moses says it will be impossible for him to have the drop curtain completed by opening night, as it is to be a fine job and cannot be hurried or slighted. With the building in its present condition but little idea can be formed of the general effect when completed, but enough can be seen to convince any one that it will be very fine and quite up to the expectations formed by the public.

The Portland is not so near completion as the opera house, but the same bustle and activity is visible everywhere throughout the building except in the upper stories which are past the hurrying up stage. The rooms on the sixth and fifth floors are all carpeted and very handsome they look with beautiful carpets of many patterns and the handsome gas and electric light fittings. There are sixty-four rooms on the sixth floor and fifty-three on the fifth floor, and in many of them the furniture of antique oak or cherry is already placed, and men are putting up the window shades, and this part of the huge building will soon present a homelike appearance.

On the fourth floor seven carpet-layers and cutters are at work, and, to keep them going, nine girls are kept busy sewing. The sewing is done with small but complicated machines, which run along the edges of the carpet stretched in a frame. These machines only weigh a few pounds, but they cost $50 each, and with their aid about 500 yards of carpet is sewn per day. The carpets throughout the hotel from the sixth floor down are all of the same quality of elegant Bigelow and Hartford body Brussels, with the exception of halls, parlors, reception rooms, bridal chambers, etc. The hall in the central section of the fourth floor is piled with huge tiers of these carpets in rolls, there being some forty different patterns. In one of the large rooms are stacked the beautiful Moquettes for the parlors and bridal chambers, the latter having a white ground and beautiful pattern of flowers. Here also are the Royal Wiltons for the reception room, and a special pattern of Royal Wiltons for the lower hall, while for all the upper halls there is a Bigelow body Brussels of the same pattern. The work of laying carpets on the fourth floor is being pushed rapidly. Skilled workmen are employed and the floors are padded with what one of them said was "the best five-row taped lining." This floor will be completed by Saturday.

The halls and some of the rooms on this floor are piled with furniture, and eight carloads more are due in a day or two. The work of finishing the parlors is progressing rapidly. The dining-room is in the hands of the fresco painters. The oak paneling of the ladies' ordinary is about completed and the room will be one of the handsomest in the building.

The huge range is in place in the kitchen. It is about forty feet long, with two large broilers over the center. There will be no flies around that kitchen when it is completed, and Manager Leland intends it to be one of the show rooms of the huge hostelry. There is still a great deal of work to be done on The Portland, and as so much delay has been caused by the cold weather it is not likely that it will be opened before the middle of March, and perhaps later.

SUCCESSFUL TEACHERS' MEETINGS.

Encouraging Attendance of Parents—Proceedings of Two Sessions—Announcement.

A young man recently from Canada, who has had several years of active experience in the public schools in that province, said a few days ago, after he had attended one of the local teachers' meetings, that he was very favorably impressed with the manner in which these meetings are conducted. Especially was he impressed with he interest manifested by the school patrons. He said that teachers' meetings were so frequently held in Canada, but were seldom attended by the parents of the pupils. It has been the aim of Superintendent Wetzell to secure the attendance of the parents at these meetings, and he has succeeded. The superintendent says that the parents should be as familiar with the fundamental principles of the theory and practice of teaching as the teachers, that the parents should be, if not perfectly, fairly familiar with the best plans and methods employed in the public schools to-day. Possessing this information, the parents can very soon determine whether the teacher is progressive or not; whether he is striving to better prepare himself for his work.

In the districts very ordinary teachers are allowed to conduct the schools. This would not be so if the parents would take a little more interest in the education of their children and investigate the principles of genuine teaching.

Two meetings have been held this month. The first was held in the schoolhouse in district No 14. The school officers of this district are wide-awake, enthusiastic schoolmen. In the face of much opposition they have succeeded in building a splendid schoolhouse. It is of modern design, and unlike anything in the county, outside of the city, in the way of lighting and ventilating. The windows are grouped, thus admitting the light from a broad sheet, instead of parallel lines. This arrangement of the windows is valuable for two reasons: First, and most important, less strain on the pupils' eyes, second, better and more convenient blackboard space. The ventilation is perfect, the atmosphere in the room being always pure, and without raising and lowering windows, which is the cause of so many severe colds.

The school officers of this district are Mr. E. Rogers, clerk, and Messrs. Lewis, Davey and Abraham, directors. Mr D M C Gault is the teacher. He has taught in this district for the past two years.

The meeting in this district was not well attended owing to the inclemency of the weather. But a more enthusiastic meeting was never held in the county. The subject discussed was school architecture in all of its departments.

The second meeting for this month, and the seventeenth of the series, was held in the school house in No 8, about eleven miles east of the city. The school officers of this district are also thorough, enterprising school men, who believe in providing the best school facilities for their children that can be afforded. The school building is one of the best in the county and one of the best equipped. The directors state that in providing the excellent school accommodations the district now possesses they had to contend against that same non progressive element found in all neighborhoods. But they finally succeeded, and the school house, with its moderate conveniences, stands as a monument to the enterprise, energy and intelligence of the progressive few. The names of the school officers of this district are: D. M. Roberts, clerk, and Messrs. Conley, Goon and Kenney, directors. Mr. Harry McDiarmid is the teacher. This is his second year as teacher in this district.

The meeting in this district, notwithstanding the disagreeable day, was well attended by both teachers and parents. Methods in writing and spelling were discussed. Each teacher present participated in the discussions, and many of the patrons gave the teachers encouraging words. The meeting was very enjoyable. At noon the ladies of the district spread a splendid lunch, which was highly enjoyed by all.

The next meeting will be held in district No 42. This is a joint district, with Washington county, and the superintendent of that county and many of his teachers are expected to be present.

REVIVAL AT ST. PAUL'S.

The first meeting of the second week opened under many favorable indications. Notwithstanding the steady fall of rain, the house was full at the moment of beginning. Mr. Weber, after one evening's rest, was fresh and eager for the fray. Revs Kellerman, Hansen and the pastor, Rev. C E Cline, were on the platform. Miss Annie Cline, the pastor's daughter, presided at the organ. Mr Weber said: "I know a man in Cincinnati who is a millionaire, but he sleeps in one part of the mansion and his wife in another, last a cat and dog. O, how the people run, one after this phantom, and the other after that. The absence of one thing often makes void the presence of all things else. How many are here who think if they only had this or that they would be happy! What a delusion! I know one woman in Ohio who won't be a Christian because her neighbor's chickens scratch up her yard. Well, says one, I would be a Christian if I could dance. Let me say for one, I have transferred my brains from my heels to my head.

"Well, says another, I would be a Christian if I could belong to the church and go to the theater.' Let me tell you, again, one of the greatest actors of the present century would never allow his own daughter to darken the theater's door. Why? Let me see, how shall we be happy? 'Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God.' This is the way, and the only way. Once a precious jewel was being sent to a lapidary in London by a trusted servant. That servant, standing on the margin of the vessel at sea, tossed up the jewel for curiosity and missed it. The jewel was gone to the bottom of the sea. Will you toss the precious jewel of your soul away like that? God help you!"

The call was made and many crowded to the altar. Meeting to-day at 2 30 P. M. and at 7 30 P. M.

PROSPEROUS PORT TOWNSEND.

One of the Coming Great Cities of Puget Sound—Cause of This Prosperity.

Attention is called this morning to the advertisement of Port Townsend, the "Key City" of Puget Sound, which has been inserted in THE OREGONIAN through the enterprise and public spirit of a live people living in a live place. The advertisement itself is a tale plainly told which sets forth the advantages of this city in the strongest possible manner and the authenticity of these statements is vouched for by the most reliable authority.

It now seems to be generally conceded that Port Townsend must ultimately become one of the largest and most important cities of Puget Sound, and at the present writing the prospects for an early realization of this splendid dream are certainly most flattering. During the past year Port Townsend has gained more in population and wealth than in any previous five years of her history. It can be said in this connection that in all the numerous large transfers of real estate in this city during 1889 there was an entire absence of that blatancy and "spread eagle" tendency on the part of the leading spirits of Port Townsend, so often noticeable on the part of land boomers to create excitement over the place which they have made it their special mission to unload on an all too confiding public. Port Townsend is a well established city, to day enjoying a large trade with Sound ports both on the American and Canadian side, and the growth of the city up to the present time has not been in any sense a forced one. It is a growth that has given every evidence of stability and that has resulted altogether from the development of the natural resources of the richest of new countries, and from the unexceptional facilities that this city enjoys for handling the commerce that regularly frequents Puget Sound from the great shipping centers of the new and the old world.

MAPS FOR THE CITY SCHOOLS.

Chairman D P. Thompson, of the school board, has been trying to get some nice maps for the city schools, and has received the following letter:

UNITED STATES SENATE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16, 1890.

Hon D P. Thompson, Chairman Board School Directors, Portland, Oregon. *My Dear Sir:* Responding again to yours of December 26 I find by a little begging, borrowing, etc., I am enabled to comply with your request for maps for use in the public schools of Portland, and I to-day forward to you by registered mail seven copies of the latest large maps issued by the counties east of the general land office—one copy for the high school, and one each for the six grammar schools of Portland. Yours very truly,

JOHN H MITCHELL.

The maps have been received, and are ten or twelve feet square, handsomely printed in colors. There is one for each building, the Failing, Harrison, Park, Couch, North, High school, and the Ainsworth upon the Heights. City Superintendent Sabin is having them mounted, and considers them a valuable addition to the possessions of the schools. The maps are of the United States as a whole.

PRESBYTERIAN ALLIANCE.—The annual meeting of this body will be held at Calvary church, corner of Ninth and Clay streets, this evening. This alliance comprises the eight Presbyterian churches of Portland and vicinity, and their several missions. Rev. Ross C. Houghton, D. D., pastor of Grace M. E. church, will be the guest of the alliance, and will deliver an address. The president, Rev. D O Ghormley, will deliver his annual address, and directors will be elected. These services will begin at 7 30 o'clock. And will be followed by a reunion sociable in the church parlors. Refreshments will be served. All Presbyterians in and about the city are cordially invited to be present.

An Awful Sore Limb

Skin entirely gone. Flesh a mass of disease. Leg diminished one-third in size. Condition hopeless. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies in two months.

Cured by Cuticura

For three years I was almost crippled with an awful sore leg from my knee down to my ankle; the skin was entirely gone and the flesh was one mass of disease. Some physicians pronounced it incurable. It had diminished about one-third the size of the other, and I was in a hopeless condition. After trying all kinds of remedies and spending hundreds of dollars, from which I got no relief whatever, I was persuaded to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and the result was as follows. After three days I noticed a decided change for the better, and at the end of two months I was completely cured. My flesh was purified and the bone (which had been exposed for over a year) got sound. The flesh began to grow, and to-day, and for nearly two years past, my leg is as well as ever it was, sound in every respect, and not a sign of the disease to be seen.

S. G. AHERN, Dubois, Dodge Co., Ga.

Skin Disease 17 Years

I have been troubled with a skin and scalp disease for seventeen years. My hand at times was one running sore, and my body was covered with them as large as a half dollar. I tried great many remedies without effect until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and am thankful to state that after two months of their use I am entirely cured.

L. R. MCDOWELL, Jamesburg, N. J.

The CUTICURA, CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and CUTICURA SOAP have brought about a marvelous cure of a skin disease on my little son eight years old, after all remedies and doctors failed.

ED N. BROWN, 720 N 16th St., Omaha, Neb.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and purest and best of Humor Remedies, internally, and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, cure every disease, and humor of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

HOW MY BACK ACHES!

Back Ache, Kidney Pains, and Weakness, Soreness, Lameness, Strains and Pain relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only instantaneous pain killing plaster.

DR. ABORN,

—THE—

Eye and Ear, Catarrh, Throat and Lung Physician.

COR. FOURTH AND MORRISON, PORTLAND, OR.

DR. ABORN, the man who, 25 years ago, first made the EYE and EAR, CATARRH, THROAT and LUNG DISEASES a SPECIALTY has again returned to the Pacific Coast. His marvelous success and national reputation to-day are not surprising, considering his natural endowments and invincible purpose.

DR. ABORN,

Fourth and Morrison, Portland, Or.

—HOURS—

10 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 4 and 6:30 to 7:30 P. M.

NOTE—Dr. Aborn can be consulted for a short time only, at Portland, Or., before his final retirement from active practice. The Doctor has letters and testimonials from the Nation's most distinguished statesmen and magnates of both political parties, as well as the most prominent citizens throughout the American continent, who endorse and eulogize his skill and mode of practice in the treatment of the diseases of the Eye and Ear, Catarrh of the Head, and all Throat and Lung Diseases.

For: Tourist

Washington,

Reasons Why Port Townsend Is Destined to be a City of Great Importance.

REASON 1.—It has the best harbor of any on the whole system of waters of Puget Sound, from Cape Flattery to Olympia, having the most convenient anchorage over the greatest area, from 5 to 15 fathoms deep, with the best holding ground. There are no bars, shoals, rocks or hidden dangers of any kind throughout the entire bay, which is land locked and well sheltered from the stormy winds and from the heavy ocean swell.

★

REASON 2.—Ease of approach from the ocean. A sailing vessel can run direct from the ocean to the anchorage in Port Townsend Bay, with a westerly wind, or beat up to her anchorage with an easterly wind, the Straits of Fuca being over 12 miles wide, while above Port Townsend to any of the cities the navigation is more intricate, requiring the constant use of tugs. Steamers can run the distance from the ocean to Port Townsend during the densest fogs by aid of their compass alone, the course and distance after passing Cape Flattery is laid down with such precision, and there being no hidden danger to apprehend.

★

REASON 3.—It is the port of entry of Puget Sound, and its geographical position is such that it will afford greater facilities to commerce over a greater extent of country than any one position on Puget Sound.

★

REASON 4.—It is at the entrance to Admiralty Inlet and within the lines of the proposed military works for the defense of Puget Sound, and is where the naval squadron will have a rendezvous, and where the government will build a dry dock for repairs, and a naval station for supplies for our naval vessels and the merchant marine.

★

REASON 5.—It will become the great shipping point on the Pacific Coast. It has been ascertained that from the junction of the Snake and Columbia rivers to Port Townsend there is a fall of about 400 feet, and that it is practically very nearly a level grade and that one engine can haul 25 loaded cars to Port Townsend, while it takes two decapod engines to haul 14 loaded cars through the tunnel to Tacoma. The peninsula which lies between Port Townsend and Port Discovery harbors, presents on both those harbors a greater extent of water front than any other position on Puget Sound, both of which can be utilized by one line of railroad, thus offering greater facilities for handling vast quantities of wheat than can be found elsewhere in the whole country.

★

REASON 6.—It will be the headquarters and great point of transit of all the whaling fleet, which can here ship all their oils and bone to Eastern markets and save 700 miles of ocean travel, which they now have to take to transport these products to San Francisco.

★

REASON 7.—It will be the headquarters of the fishing business. The Union Pacific Railroad Co. stated to the senate committees on relations with Canada, in March, 1888, that they intend putting in refrigerator cars to take fresh fish all rough on the long haul at greatly reduced rates, and will here ship all the salmon pack, as well as other fish products destined for the interior and Eastern markets.

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REASON 8.—It is the point of departure for all passengers and freight to British Columbia and Alaska, and its unrivalled scenery make it the admiration of all tourists who have ever visited Puget Sound. From the heights of the city is a perfect cyclorama of the country. To the west are the snow-capped mountains of the Olympic range, looking sometimes as if seen the level region which lies between the Olympic range and Puget Sound, and in the distance the lofty snow-covered cone of Mount Ranier, first discovered by Vancouver from Port Townsend bluff and named by him in honor of his friend, Rear Admiral Rainier. Turning to the eastward is the Cascade range, extending to the northeast and terminating in the grand volcanic snowy head of Mount Baker, which has as much right to be called Mount Townsend as Rainier has to be named Tacoma. Looking north and northwesterly are seen the islands of the San Juan archipelago, Orcas and Lopez, with their picturesque fields of luscious fruit, and then San Juan, of historic fame, celebrated for its fine farms and silken fleeced sheep, its beef and venison and fish, and further to the left Vancouver Island looms up grandly, with Victoria and Esquimalt, the headquarters and naval station of the British squadron of the North Pacific, and between these grand islands and distant mountains, and directly under the spectator's eye, rolls the expanse of ocean known as Fuca Strait, down which—but for the curvature of the earth preventing—the broad Pacific could be seen a hundred miles distant. No single point on Puget Sound presents such diversified and charming scenery of gigantic proportions as the view from Port Townsend heights, which is a surprise and a delight to all beholders. The eye can sweep the entire circle of the horizon and snow-capped mountains, forest covered hills, every one a mountain in itself, glistening, sparkling waters, covered with busy steamers and lofty ships, betokening a lively and increasing commerce, the rich farming land of Whidby Island and the Chemakum valley tributary to Port Townsend all combined present a charming scene, which, once witnessed, is never forgotten.

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REASON 9.—It is the location of the smelting works of Irondale, on Port Townsend Bay, where the best charcoal iron known in the world is produced, and from this iron were rolled and forged, and cast, the materials which was used in building the United States cruiser, Charleston, at San Francisco. A plant will be put up at these works by the company to manufacture steel plates for boilers and for building vessels, steel rails and all iron material required for railroad construction and every kind of iron for blacksmith use.

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REASON 10.—Port Townsend, by its geographical position is intimately and directly connected with Portland as its initial point, terminates in Port Townsend Bay, between Point Hudson and Marrowstone Point. The Port Townsend Southern Railroad will soon connect the two cities, and Port Townsend will become, in fact, one of Portland's most important shipping points. The opening of the railway along Hood's canal and through the intervening region will develop and bring to the shipping at Port Townsend, the finest body of timber on the American continent as well as vast deposits of the best quality of bituminous coal and iron ores of unsurpassed richness all of which is known to exist in inexhaustible quantities waiting but for the advent of the rail road to furnish a means of additional wealth to the business interests of Port Townsend.

★

REASON 11.—Because on the peninsula and Port Discovery Bays will be built, within the very near future, the most important city on the Pacific Coast, a city that will be fostered and developed by the Union Pacific railroad, which will here have its grand Western terminus from whence will proceed lines of great ocean steamships, which will bring in the commerce of Asia and China, and the south seas. These eleven reasons, all of which are based on incontrovertible facts prove that Port Townsend is destined to become the great metropolis of the Northwest, and a most desirable place.

WOODLAND

—IS—

PORTLAND'S POPULAR SUBURB.

Lots are 50x100, main streets 80 feet wide, the view is unequaled, rapid transit, 5-cent fare. Prices $250 and up. Terms, 10 per cent down, 5 per cent monthly.

Free transportation to see it.

BORTHWICK, BATTY & CO., 2 WASHINGTON STREET

Portland Land Company

W. ALLEN, Manager.

N. E. CORNER FIRST AND ALDER STREETS.

CHIPS FROM OUR BARGAIN LIST:

$130 000—Business Block, City.
21,000—Residence and Grounds City.
4,000—Sightliest Building Spot in Portland, adjoining $12,000 residence.
4 500—Half Block, South Portland.
4500—Handsome quarter block east face.
2,500—Sightliest Corner Lot in City.
2,000—Each, Two Desirable Lots in S. Portland.
1 600—Each Two Beautiful Lots in S. Portland.
1,400—Desirable Lot South Portland.
1,100—62x125 Feet in Albina.
$ 12,500—Semi-Slough Block in heart of East Portland, with two houses.
5,250—25 Foot Business Lot with Store, Fourth Street, East Portland.

—ACRES—

115,000—115 Acres Adjoining East Portland.
9, 6, 4 Acres on Wilberg Lane at a Bargain.
½ Acre on Mount Tabor, Very Cheap.
10 Acres S. E. Mount Tabor, $250 per acre.
40 Acres Adjoining West Portland, $250 per acre.

And a Host of Other Bargains, Call or Write to us. It Will Pay You.

—SPECIAL TO PROPERTY OWNERS:—

The company has closed contracts with 84 Newspapers for Advertising, which will include New York, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco, Portland, and almost every paper in Oregon, Washington, and Idaho. It is therefore the firm to handle anything you wish to sell. Parties at a distance, wishing to invest small sums should write to us.

PORTLAND LAND CO. - - - N. E. Cor. First and Alder Sts.

Entrance, Room 3. Over S. P. R. R. Office.

Santa Rosa Park.

Intending purchasers of Suburban Property never fail to buy at Santa Rosa Park after investigating.

JUNCTION OF TWO MOTOR LINES.

We take pleasure in showing property at any time. Don't wait until prices advance. Buy now.

Lots $100 | $10 Down, $5 Per Month. | No Interest. No Taxes.

Situated on north side of Mt. Tabor, overlooking Portland and East Portland, and every lot a lawn. All cleared. Call or write for map. Investigate and you will purchase.

A. C. CHURCHILL & CO., - - 24½ Washington St.

SUNNYSIDE

Can make a better showing in good solid improvements than any suburb of Portland of the same age. Over fifty houses completed and occupied and many more contracted to be built at once; lying directly east from the business center of Portland; having an abundance of good water, and being but fifteen minutes from the center of Portland, on a 5-cent fare, all combine in making it the most favored location.

Prices are reasonable and terms very easy. Before buying see

J. FRED CLARK & SON, 13 Stark St.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT CHEAP. Address J. F. Nylander, foot of N. Fifth st. 19jlm

TO EXCHANGE—A GOOD FARM FOR PORTland or East Portland city property. Apply 83 Second st. 28jlt

CHEAP LOTS ON VANCOUVER MOTOR LINE, on easy installments must be sold; fare 5 cents. THOMPSON & BROWN, 6 Stark st. 29jlt

$1600 AN ACRE—5 ACRES ON WILBERG Lane, for a short time only, a bargain in this. Colvin & Smith, N. W. corner First and Alder, room 7. 28jlt

YAQUINA BAY—SEVERAL LARGE AND small tracts of land adjoining townsites for sale cheap, seize the opportunity and buy now. Apply to A. E. Ackiun, Newport, Or. 19j14

FIVE HANDSOME LOTS LOCATED EAST OF the Failing school, in the midst of elegant homes; can be purchased at low prices and on reasonable terms, call early if you wish a bargain. WEST & STEARNS, 12 Stark st. 10mlt 1n

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE—Continued.

GLENCOE PARK,

Located ten minutes' ride from Portland and directly between the Morrison street bridge and Hawthorne avenue. Motor lines insure rapid transit for 5 cents to Portland. Pure water, perfect drainage, fine view, streets corresponding with East Portland lots 50x100 feet. All lots have been cultivated, no stumps. There is not another addition that offers so many inducements to the homeseeker or speculator as Glencoe Park. For terms apply or address E. SHANNON, 93 Morrison st., Portland. 31lm

ALBINA.

$5000—½ cash, ½ block choice railroad front.
$3000—5 acres in Glenwood Park, north ½ lot 4. Choice lots a adjacent and all parts of Albina at lowest prices. Call or write to

THOMPSON BROS.,
Corner Goldsmith and Delay Streets, Albina, Oregon

[illegible]

All who want a safe investment, a pleasant home—easy of access, healthy local ty, good schools, good churches, good business facilities, beautiful surroundings—see my addition before buying elsewhere. Office 52½ Morrison st., room 3, 3d floor, Portland, Or.

The most beautiful suburb of East Portland is situated one half mile from the terminus of the Mt. Tabor Motor line, on the East Side Road. Lots are sold for $100 and $150, on twenty equal monthly payments, without interest. All in high state of cultivation, and lies high, dry, sightly and level. Title perfect. Splendid view of grand old Mt. Hood and beautiful St. Helens. It is near school, church, store and postoffice, and will be reached by motor line within six months, when prices will more than double. Adjoining lots are now held at twice these prices. To be fully appreciated Mabelville must be seen. For further particulars call on the

ENTERPRISE REAL ESTATE CO.,
Portland, Oregon.
Room 6, Abington building, second floor, Third st.

WARREN & WRIGHT,

Real Estate Dealers.

ASTORIA - - - - - - - - - OREGON

City Property,
Seaside Property,
Timber Lands,
Tide Lands, Etc.

Investments for Non-Residents a Specialty.

References—First National Bank, Astoria; I. W. Case, Banker, Astoria.

WEST PORTLAND.

This fine property is on the business side of the river. It has moss-good points to recommend it than any other suburb. A good nine months free school, excellent cool drinking water, location is delightful, being sightly and healthy, title is perfect, same distance from court house as is Mount Tabor, two miles from river front, two of the best drives out of the city start on this property, lots 50x100 feet, the motor line is being pushed to this property by 100 men, fifty houses will be built by the Home Builders' Association. 19 now under construction. Prices of lots, $150, $200 and $250. 600 lots now sold. Demand increasing. This is the best selling property, the best property and the best bargain on the market. $10 down and $10 per month. For a map, giving prices of lots, etc., call at once on

T. A. WOOD, Room No. 1, I. O. O. F. Building.

FOR SALE.

One block in central part of Vancouver, with beautiful house and barn.

Two lots with a very good 8-room house, on Main street, Vancouver.

One tract containing four acres, and one containing seven and three-quarters acres, of splendid prune land near the city limits of Vancouver; a great bargain in all; money for the lucky buyer.

776 acres of land lying on the Columbia river, fourteen miles below Vancouver. This is one of the best stock ranches in the state; only $18 per acre.

Also a general merchandise store in one of the liveliest towns in the valley. The city contains about 1400 inhabitants, and is the metropolis of the county. This store is recognized as the best in the county. Call on or address ELI ROUND, Astoria.

[illegible]'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

For Beef Tea, Soups, Made Dishes, Sauces, Game Fish, etc. Aspic or Meat Jelly. Keeps for any length of time, and is cheaper and of finer flavor than any other stock.

Liebig

Genuine only with J. von Liebig's signature as above, in blue. One pound of Extract of Beef equal to forty pounds of lean beef.

For improved and economic cookery use

[illegible]'S

SAINT MARY'S HOME BENEFIT

SAINT MARY'S HOME BENEFIT

SAINT MARY'S HOME BENEFIT

SAINT MARY'S HOME BENEFIT

Tenth and Morrison.

Sat. Eve., Feb. 1. Sat. Eve., Feb. 1.
Sat. Eve., Feb. 1. Sat. Eve., Feb. 1.
Sat. Eve., Feb. 1. Sat. Eve., Feb. 1.

St. Mary's Home Benefit.
St. Mary's Home Benefit.

A Mammoth Programme.
A Mammoth Programme.

FUN. FUN.

A Carload of refined funny funny fun. Two hours and a half of Solid Enjoyment.

Tickets at Hoyt's, $1.00. Entertainment at 8. Carriages ordered at 10:30.

BILLY ARLINGTON, Manager.

[illegible]

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 29th, 7:30 P. M., at the

UNITARIAN + CHAPEL

EMERGENCIES

DR. EMMA J. WELTY,

Course Ticket, from date.....50c
Single Lecture.....25c

CORT'S STANDARD THEATER.
Monday, Jan. 27, and All the Week.
7——NEW STARS——7
Derville Family, six in number; Campbell and Dempsey; Miss May Adams; Bailey and Reynolds; John Dillon's Army; Miss Carrie Dumont, and Thirty Others.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW ★ PARK ★ THEATER

J. P. HOWE, Lessee and Manager.

One week only, commencing MONDAY, JAN. 27. Grand Matinee Saturday, at 2 P. M.

The Fashionable Event of the Season!

Special engagement of the distinguished tragedian, Mr.

FREDERICK WARDE

Supported by an excellent company in the following selected repertoire

RAILROAD, RIVER AND RAIN.

Steady Downpour from Roseburg to Portland—The Willamette Rising.

Ominous Outlook for the Southern Pacific—High Temperature in Eastern Oregon—The Telegraph Wires—U. P. Open.

The Union Pacific is still open. A train arrived at 12:20 yesterday, and another at 2 P. M. Another train will be in some time to-day. As will be seen by the following dispatch from La Grande the snow is blowing a little but no delay of trains is anticipated. Advices from La Grande state:

The eastbound passenger train, due here at 11:30 A. M., arrived at 7 P. M. to-day, having been detained by drifting snow. It took the train two hours to come down the mountain, a distance of twenty miles. It was deemed best to run slow slowly, and so avoid any accident. East of here the snow is still drifting badly. The Jull plow has been stuck in a drift part of the day, but is now out. The rotary is also east of here, clearing the track. All the trains will for a time be preceded by a snow plow between this place and North Powder. While the time made on this division is not up to the schedule, yet it is the best it is deemed advisable to make.

Pendleton advices state:

The west-bound overland train due here this morning has been stuck in the snow near North Powder all day. It is expected late this evening. The rotary snowplow has been taken off the branch and sent to La Grande. Its services are needed across the mountains, where sixteen inches of fresh snow has fallen. Fears are entertained that the prevailing winds have drifted the snow, blockading the trains on the mountains and in the Powder river section.

The Northern Pacific came in from Tacoma yesterday about 5 o'clock. The through train came in, as to-day before, shortly after midnight. Passengers say that the delay of the day before was caused by a freight wreck east of Tacoma.

AN ominous OUTLOOK.

The last train from Ashland is expected to arrive at 10:30 this morning. Men have been sent through the Cow creek canyon to keep the road open. Rain is falling copiously now at nearly all points along the road. The great damage now is from washouts, which are beginning to manifest their destructive qualities. Several bridges and trestles far south of Ashland are said to be gone, but the exact localities are not yet known. A number of small landslides have occurred, but no trains are moving nothing but the roadbed can be damaged.

Everything about the Southern Pacific's prospects is simply uncertain. The tremendous downpour of rain, augmented by the melting snow, is liable to carry out a trestle, or precipitate a landslide at any time.

THE WEATHER BULLETINS.

Yesterday's weather reports are as follows:

Bonneville records a temperature of 37 degrees; Hood River, 38; Dalles, 38; Arlington, 35; Umatilla, 30; Wallula, 46; Walla Walla, 40; Dayton, 40; Pomeroy, 37; Riparia, 32; Colfax, 32; Spokane, 42; Pendleton, 28; Lacrosse, 10; Union, 30; Baker City, 30; Huntington, 22; Heppner, 26; Durkee, 40; North Powder, 22.

Northern Pacific—Billings, temperature 20, clear, no storm; Livingstone, 20, clear, no storm; Bozeman, 20, clear, no storm; Helena, 16, clear, no storm; Missoula, 15, clear, no storm; Hope, 20, cloudy, light east wind.

Southern Pacific—Ashland, raining and snowing; Grant's Pass, raining all night and day; Leland, raining hard all night and day; Riddles, raining hard all night and day; Myrtle Creek, raining hard all night and day; Roseburg, raining hard all night and day; Juneliou, cold, wind south, rained all night; Albany, cloudy, rained all night.

THE TELEGRAPH WIRES.

The Western Union linemen have wires O. K. twelve miles south of Riddles and will reach West Fork to-night. It is expected that a party from the south will also reach West Fork and establish communication to San Francisco. Stormed and rained hard all day through the canyon. The snow is melting rapidly.

Business for San Francisco and California points via the Pacific Postal Telegraph Company is being handled promptly, and trains over the Southern Pacific railroad are being dispatched from that office.

THE UNITED STATES SIGNAL OFFICE.

The signal service reports are brief, owing to the telegraph wires being down. From what reports are at hand it is shown that the rain is general, warm, southerly winds are generally experienced over the state. The rainfall at Portland has been unusually heavy, 1.79 inches having fallen in the twenty-four hours ending 5 P. M. The conditions are such that the rain is general, though not so heavy in all parts of the state. The temperature has ranged for the past three days from 38 to 46 degrees, and this, together with the strong southerly winds of from ten to thirty-two miles an hour has caused the snow to rapidly melt. The river at Portland has not risen in the past twenty-four hours, but it will most likely rise slowly in the following forty-eight hours. The vast quantities of melting snow, together with the copious rains, will cause a freshet. The night, time of occurrence and possible danger will depend on the weather conditions for the next forty-eight hours; if conditions similar to those prevailing to-day continue, there will most likely be quite a rise. The freshets in the twelve past January days caused the Willamette river to rise twenty-six feet above low water mark, and similar conditions are liable to occur this year, for the valley has had an unusual amount of snow.

Continued warm, southerly winds and rain are expected for the next 24 hours at least.

STATE OF THE RIVER.

Word was received from the Oregon City locks yesterday afternoon that the water was five and one-half feet above low water mark. No fear is felt by those interested of the steamers being unable to get through, as the river would have to raise an additional five and one-half feet to fill the locks.

At 5:30 last evening the Union Pacific port captain received the following reports from up the valley: Oregon City—Has been raining all day very hard, and the river is rising fast. Salem—It is the worst storm of the season. It is raining, the wind has been blowing hard all day, and the river is rising. Jefferson—Has been raining hard all day, but the river is not rising to amount to anything. Harrisburg—It has been raining hard since 9 A. M. The river has risen but little. Albany—Has been raining hard all day, and the river is rising slowly.

STATE OF THE RIVER.

The Western Union reports were:

Oregon City—Been raining all day very hard; river coming up very fast.

Salem—Worst storm of season; blowing hard and raining; river rising.

Harrisburg—It is raining hard; been raining since 9 A. M.; river had raised but little.

Jefferson—River rising at present; raining hard; look for rise to-morrow afternoon; river about three feet above common stage.

Eugene—River rising slowly; chinook melting snow in mountains rapidly.

Harrisburg (later)—Seven feet above low water and rising; been raining hard all day and still at it.

Albany—River nine feet; just beginning to rise again; rained steadily and hard last twenty-four hours.

Salem (later)—River eight feet above; been falling, but to-day was on standstill; will be rising by to-morrow.

A late wire from Eugene says:

A very heavy rain has been falling all day and evening, a chinook melting the snows in the mountains all around the head of the valley. Indications point to very high water.

Arlington reports:

The river at this point is rising slowly. There has been no chinook in this section, the snow being melted slowly by rains.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Or., Jan. 28, 1890.

Place of Observation.	Highest Temp. last 12 hours	Lowest Temp. last 12 hours	Wind: direction	Wind: velocity last hour	Rain: fall last hour	State of Weather.
Portland	29.82	09	40	S	1.16	Rain
Olympia	29.74	04	42	S	.74	Rain
Roseburg	29.90	04	44	E	1.38	Rain
Spokane	29.82	.....	42	SW	.10	Cloudy
Walla Walla	29.82	.....	48	S	.00	Cloudy
Fort Canby	29.70	.....	48	SW	.80	Pre'p City

Local Report.

Pacific Coast Time	Bar.	Temp.	Relative Hum.	Direction of Wind	Velocity of Wind	Rain.	Wind
5 A. M.	29.74	40	96	NW	14	.65	Rain
5 P. M.	29.82	40	98	S	14	1.16	Rain

Maximum temperature, 46, minimum temperature, 39; hight of river, 22 ft. Change, 0.4.

	Normals.	Means.	Departure from Normals.	Excess of deficiency since Jan. 1st.	Excess of deficiency for 1889.
Temperature	39	48	9	—2.23	—2.25
Precipitation	.18	1.79	1.56	—0.99	—0.99

Total precipitation from July 1, 1889, to date, 24.56; average precipitation from July 1, 1889, to date, 23.74; deficiency in precipitation from July 1, 1889, 4.18 inches.

For European steamship accomodations, Pullman sleeping car reservations and tickets to all points in the United States, Canada and Europe call on G. S. Taylor, City Ticket Agent Union Pacific Railway, 51 First street, corner Oak.

Pullman reservations made for all points East via the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining-car line Office, No. 121 First street, cor. Washington

Kidd's Cough Syrup costs a quarter. Will cure coughs, colds and sore throat.

THINGS THEATRICAL.

Frederick Warde as Virginius—"Conn the Shaugh raun" at Cordray's—Marquam Grand Opera House Opening.

Virginius is the play of the people. Sheridan Knowles infused into his powerful creation all that tends to inspire patriotism, arouse manhood, and wring out human sympathy. It will have immortal life upon the stage, as long as there remain to mankind actors of the robust school. Edwin Forrest interpreted the character of the heroic Roman in such fashion that those who have come after him have been but imitators; none yet have, like him, so thoroughly and completely mastered both phases that distinctly characterized the role of Virginius. Only two men since Forrest's day have faced criticism and courted public favor as Virginius, and each have succeeded after a fashion. These have been McCullough and Warde.

Virginius, the rough soldier, the strong, heroic Roman, quick to anger, rash in the fierce barbaric brawl, magnificent of chest and limb, Virginius with the dead clutch of the tiger upon the destroyer of his domestic happiness, in other words, the magnificent physical Virginius that appealed to that spark of barbarism still left in the breast even of modern man, was right royally interpreted by John McCullough who ended his days in a mad house. As such he won the people, McCullough was of the people, with all the faults and all the virtues of the populace. He acted with force rather than subtlety, with strength as opposed to mentality. In one less gifted of face and form, his force would have degenerated into ranting, his strength would have slipped into over-acting. Nature gave him great physical gifts but he did not improve them, and the Virginius of McCullough was only possible to one of his limited understanding, by reason of years of association with Forrest.

Virginius, the father, nay, more the patriot, that looks far out beyond the dim vista of personal feeling into the future of Rome, the man who loved liberty and whose heart was broken, and whose mind was stolen by reason of patrician encroachment upon popular liberty, the almost divine being who loved virtue and honor so well that he could sacrifice his only child upon its altar, that spiritual element, that intellectual phase of the character of Virginius finds its truer interpretation in Warde's portrayal of Virginius. McCullough had little or no conception of the character. Warde has the highest and truest conception of Virginius, and if he does not always reach even his own conception, his failure may be traced to lack of those physical gifts which nature had so unsparingly lavished upon poor John McCullough. Mr. Warde is undoubtedly to-day at the apex of his fame, and he has truly merited the distinction awarded him by the people. But as Virginius, Mr. Warde lacks the natural form, the thrilling voice, the great chest—in short, the physical requirements are conspicuous by their absence. To compensate for this, however, he has a face made up of rugged yet expressive features, and one capable of richly expressive varied and quickly changing emotions. One scene in this tragedy alone demonstrated the accuracy of this critical dissection. In act 3, Lucius, Mr. Wilford Clarke, breathless, foaming with exertion consequent upon a gruelling speed, rushes in with the news of how Virginia has been dragged before the praetor through the streets of Rome. Before the father, though full with the dread intelligence, he is awe-struck, the significance of the tidings he brings cleaves his tongue to the roof of his mouth. When he manages to gasp forth his tale, Mr. Warde in three minutes, that seem to the audience an age, shows by facial expression alone surprise, doubt, fear, agony, terror, misery, hate and an awful purpose before whose sternness no power holds its own, a man whose intent none could stay. Again Mr. Warde, in the prison scene of madness and despair, shows vast superiority to anything done by McCullough. His portrayal of Virginius leaves its effect upon both the intellect and heart.

Before alluding to the cast in detail it must be said that while the company with which Mr. Warde has surrounded himself is a good average one, yet it lacks that harmony of effect that exquisite care for the minor details, that characterizes the thorough work of modern managers. Henry Irving, Lawrence Barrett, Wilson Barrett, William Florence, Augustin Daly and Edwin Booth for the past few seasons have counted us up to looking for these excellencies. No actor looking to the permanent betterment of the drama can exonerate himself upon the plea that it will not pay; facts prove the contrary.

Of the performance of the company, it must be said that they do not show as well in this play as in the lighter one of "The Mountebank," for the reason that in the latter the bulk of the work falls upon the star.

The Icilius of Mr. C. W. Sutton is too mechanical. He declaims too much, and his action is destitute of that spontaneity and naturalness which make of the character one to be admired. He does not seize the opportunities afforded in the earlier scenes with Virginia, nor does he rise to the point in the strong scene before Appius.

The Virginia of Miss Stella Rees is also disappointing. It is a difficult part to play, in many respects. There is an air of charming innocence which belongs to the part without which any declamation loses its attractiveness. This Miss Rees failed to give to it. She was too conscious all through the play, and failed to impress her audience with a true appreciation of the character.

Mr. Clay Clement makes a good Appius Claudius, in so far as physical appearance goes, and generally speaks his lines with intelligence, though with a little too much stageyness. Mr. L. F. Rand gave to the part of Dentatus all the rugged strength which belongs to it, and the remainder of the cast was fair.

To-night "Damon and Pythias."

CORDRAY'S MUSEE-THEATER.

"Conn, the Shaughraun," was presented last night for the second time at this house, and there was a decided improvement in the performance over that of the first night. The scenes worked more smoothly, and the people seemed more familiar with their lines.

The manner in which the play is staged is highly commendable, and speaks well for the reputation of the house.

"Conn, the Shaughraun," again to-night.

MARQUAM GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

At 6 o'clock yesterday morning there was a long line of expectant purchasers persistently holding their places in the outside the doors of Kohler & Chase's piano emporium. Although Portland is a progressive city, it is an unusual thing to see a line of staid and sober citizens waiting for a business house to open as early as 6 o'clock in the morning. It is determined assemblage was occasioned by the announcement that the sale of seats for the Emma Juch Grand English Opera Company would begin at 9 o'clock, when the rule of "first come first served" would be strictly observed.

At 6 o'clock promptly the store was opened, and the knot of people that was by this time swelled to a good-sized crowd filed into the establishment and began exchanging their premium orders and dollars for the bits of pasteboard that entitled them to the privilege of hearing one of America's finest songstresses, supported by her own company and accompanied by her own orchestra, on Monday evening next at the Marquam Grand Opera house.

In spite of the rapid and effective work done by Mr. S. H. Friedlander, assisted by Mr. Samuel Meyers, the line increased instead of diminished until the store was packed with eager purchasers. This state of affairs continued without intermission until 6 o'clock in the evening, when the Bellinger opera-house officials were compelled to desist from their labors and close for the day.

Manager J. C. Davis, clad in rubber hat, coat and boots, accompanied by Mr. William Kennessy, the general agent of the company, would appear upon the stage occasionally, and stand for a few minutes with a pleasing expression upon their countenances at the rapidity with which the tickets were going off.

The total amount taken at the auction on Monday and at the regular sale yesterday will reach the sum of $7020, which insures a financially successful season, and the amount which will probably be realized on the entire week will doubtless reach such figures as would do credit to cities like Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Cincinnati and Chicago.

There are, however, a number of good seats still left. The sale, of course, was the strongest for the opening night, but the demand for all the other nights is remarkably great.

There is no question about the house being ready, as the chairs and fixtures have arrived, the scaffolding is being taken down, the carpets are being laid, and the interior of the theater will be as presentable as though it had been opened for six months. The lobby and entrance will also be in good condition and made especially attractive.

The second day's sale at the regular prices will commence at 9 o'clock this morning.

Atlantic Ocean Travel.

For rates and steamer reservations call at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

The avenues of North Pacific City, Willapa harbor, founded by Duffy & Maynard, of Chehalis are eighty and 150 feet in width.

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WAYNE'S OINTMENT—A NEVER FAILING Cure for piles, blind, bleeding or itching. 195 m1

FROM THE EAST SUBURBS.

An Important Meeting Held by the Board of School Directors.

Camp Sheridan No. 5 Sons of Veterans Organized—Street Repairs—New Cottages—Revival Services—Land Slides—Etc.

The school board held a meeting last night with Directors Paquet, Hill and Mislop in attendance. In accordance with the orders of the board, T. J. Jones submitted three sets of plans for school buildings, as follows: Plans for a ten-room building for Stephens addition, and also plans for a twelve-room building for this addition, and plans for four rooms to be added to the North Central building. These plans were discussed, and final action looking to the advertisement for bids will be taken next Monday night. These are the plans that will go before the annual March meeting.

The board passed a vote of thanks to Mr. Joseph Buchtel for the three dozen hand fire extinguishers presented by him to the schools.

As it has been stated that there are children in the district who cannot attend school because they have no books, and no money to buy them with, the board will furnish all such with the necessary books and supplies. Application may be made to the school clerk. The board meets Monday night.

NEW CHURCH WILL COME.

Rev. J. W. Bushong, pastor of the Centenary M. E. church, who is conducting the revival meetings in progress in that church, evidently has made up his mind that the Centenary needs a new church edifice, and he will certainly get it before the year is out. Over a hundred were turned away Sunday night, and the church has been filled every evening. The membership will doubtless be increased more than 150 as a result of the present meetings. Dr. Bushong's methods of conducting the meetings have been very successful. He has a ringing, penetrating voice, which reaches every corner and nook of the audience room. His sermons are a rapid massing of facts, scriptures and pungent illustrations, delivered with electric energy and force, and sometimes his sentences are poured forth like a torrent.

LAND-SLIDE.

A land-slide occured last evening at the railroad embankment on Hawthorne avenue across Asylum slough on the south side, which caused one of the springs of the water company to become a little discolored. Water had accumulated in the depression at the northeast corner of Twelfth and Hawthorne avenue, to a depth of twelve feet, and breaking over the railroad, discolored the spring, and also endangered the embankment. A force of men were at work repairing the damage last night. It will be necessary to drain the water from the depression named. Provision should have been made to drain off the water before the filling was made, but now it will be no easy job.

SONS OF VETERANS.

Phil Sheridan camp No. 5, Sons of Veterans, was organized last Friday night in Ross' hall by F. R. Neale, mustering officer. There were twenty charter members present. The officers were elected and installed for the ensuing year, and are as follows: Captain, S. H. Griffith; first lieutenant, Burt Smith; second lieutenant, Mr. Fowler; first sergeant, Frank Mayhille; quartermaster sergeant, Nate Cogbirn. The camp starts out under favorable circumstances. S. H. Griffith has been appointed mustering officer for the state. The charter of the new camp is from Montana, but the organization of this camp makes Oregon a division.

DRAINAGE NEEDED.

There is a vast accumulation of water on Twenty-first street on each side of its intersection with the Powell's valley road. The sidewalks are afloat and the gutters are inadequate to carry off the water. The only remedy apparent is to enlarge the gutters.

NEW COTTAGES.

Between ten and twelve cottages are partially completed near Brooklyn bridge on the Milwaukie road, which will be finished when the weather permits. There will be lots of building in that part of the city this year.

STREET REPAIRS.

Without any doubt the common council will have to replank Fourth street from I to L streets this year. Breaks in the elevated roadway have been frequent, and the planking on the solid ground is about worn out.

NEW BOARD OF MANAGERS.

The first meeting of the new board of managers of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at the parlors this Wednesday evening, 29th, for election of officers for ensuing year and other important business.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

School taxes will be delinquent on the 10th of February.

The sloughs are being pretty thoroughly washed out.

Mr. George Buffington, who has been sick for the past ten days is recovering.

The mud on Fourth street, accumulated during the recent snow storms, is being removed.

Harry Stettsman, the popular engineer, has taken a position on the Mount Tabor motor line.

The five Indian boys who escaped from the Indian school at Chemawa, were overtaken near Oregon City and returned Monday evening.

It takes an expert dodger to escape running against wagons and barrels of coal on the sidewalk on L street while endeavoring to reach the ferry on a dark night.

The Washington street car, from across the river, that was used on the line south from L street for several weeks, has been taken off and a nicely painted car put on in its place.

Miss Mary Paquet, of this city, has just received a letter from a lady friend at Salinas, Monterey county, Cal., and the letter contained a picture of the famous Indian, "Old Gabriel," who is supposed to be 150 years old, and the oldest living human in the world. Besides being famous for his great age, "Old Gabriel" was never known to take a bath, and unlike most Indians was never known to drink intoxicating liquors of any kind. The picture shows him to be pretty well preserved. Miss Paquet has received quite a curiosity.

To San Francisco.

First cabin accommodations can be secured, via Northern Pacific, by calling at the ticket office, No. 121 First, corner Washington.

THE REV. GEORGE H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Siddall's Consumption Cure." Blumauer & Co. Druggists.

Coughs, colds and sore throat cured by Kidd's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

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Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States government. Endorsed by the heads of the great universities as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.

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If You Have Defective Eyes and Value Them, go to

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For your Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. It is the only establishment in the Northwest where they are manufactured on thoroughly scientific principles. Lenses ground, if necessary, to correct each particular case. No visual defect where glasses are required too complicated for us. We guarantee our fitting to be absolutely perfect. Our new optometer, an instrument to measure the strength of the eye, is the most complete, the best that science has produced, and is the only one ever invented that will give the exact amount of imperfection in one's sight. REED & MALCOLM, Scientific Opticians,

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LIME! LIME!

We have just received a supply of Eureka Lime Co.'s SAN JUAN X.X.X. LIME. Best in market.

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KOHN'S CLEARANCE SALE. GRAND CLEARANCE SALE.

Take Warning Pretty Thin.

Prices Will Never Be Lower Than Prices Now Ruling at Kohn's. Winter Stock Must Go.

Our Figures Are Ain't Got Much Flesh on them, but They Ain't Half as Thin as Our

To-Day Kohn Offers For Sale:

200 Men's Sack Suits, regular $20.00 and $25 suits, but as all are broken lots, he has marked them way down to

$15 a Suit.

This lot of suits are all new and desirable styles. Are big bargains and will go quick at the price

Men's Cutaway Frock Suits!

175 elegant and stylish suits, on which you can save big money. The lot at one price,

$16.50 Takes Your Choice.

Regular prices have been $20 to $25. Don't miss this offer.

OVERCOAT PRICES!

Last week was a stormy one and kept nearly all at home, yet we sold over

80 Overcoats at $10 Each.

Not a very bad showing, but we want to do better this week. Our overcoats must be sold. Kohn ain't going to carry them over.

All Are For Sale.

Prices are so low that you will save big money. Our loss and your gain is what this sale means, but

The Overcoats Must Go.

—Spend a dollar with Kohn and you get two back in satisfaction.

Arthur Kohn

COR. 2ND & MORRISON.

Other Departments

—OF—

J. SELLING & CO.

Glass Doyles for restaurant, 25c per doz.
Glass Doyles, larger, 40c per doz.
Glass Doyles, extra size, 60c per doz.
Damask Doyles, 75c, $1 and $1.25 per doz.
Turkey Red Table Linen, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c per yard.
Damask Towels, 24-45, 25c each.
Damask Towels, knotted fringe, 25c each.
Huck Towels, $1.25, $1.75, $2.25 and $3.
Cotton Towels, 35c per doz.
Unbleached Table Linen, 20c, 35c, 50c and 60c yard.
Bleached Table Linen, 40c, 60c, 75c and 90c.
3-4 size Dinner Napkins, $1.75 doz.
5-8 Bleached Napkins, 75c doz.
Damask Table Covers, 75c, $1, $1.50 and $2 each.

SEE CORNER WINDOW

First and Taylor, - - - - - - - - Portland, Oregon

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OF LIVERPOOL.
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Capital	$2,000,000
Reserve fund (in addition)	375,000
Deposit in Oregon	250,000

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Combined cash assets exceed $25,000,000.
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It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the patient; it is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. Over 100,000 drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. 48-page book of particulars free.

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MENIER CHOCOLATE, PUREST HEALTHIEST, best; ask for yellow wrapper; sold everywhere

SPECIAL CARD

We are in the midst of our Grand Annual Clearance Sale and as always the case at such times, we are pulling out of our stock goods that have been overlooked or have not had as much attention they deserve. We are determined not to carry them any longer consequently we have made a horizontal reduction and intend to give our customers the benefit.

Among other lots we will offer fifty pieces of All-Wool Tricot 39c yard; these are good value for 62½c, and include most leading shades. Also 50 pieces of Silk Mixed Knickerbocker Suiting for 31c yard, which would be very cheap at 50c.

Hosiery is always interesting to the ladies and more so when it can be had less than regular prices. We will sell the following lines at figures that will effect a prompt clearance: 100 dozen Ladies' Black All-Wool Cashmere Seamless Hose at 19c pair, worth easily worth 25c. Also 75 dozen Children's Ribbed Cashmere Hose at 15c pair, which are good value for 35c; and, lastly, we will offer 50 dozen Ladies' Full Regular-Made Black Cotton Hose, which we guarantee perfectly fast dye, at 22½ pair. These are a wonderfully cheap lot and will be picked up very quickly.

Our buyer of the Linen Department says that we do not advertise his goods as much as they deserve, and on looking over the stock we find some excellent bargains in Towels. They are all pure linen and of the best makes. There are 50 dozen with fancy styles in borders, which we have told him to close at 25c; value easily. There are 50 dozen more, with fine knotted fringe, which are fully worth 35c. Also 75 dozen extra large size handsome Damask patterns, 20c. We will also put in this offering 60 dozen Glass Cloths at 8c; value 11c.

We would say one word to our patrons, and that is to call on us, as far as possible, in the mornings before the great rush commences, as they can select their goods more satisfactorily and receive much better attention than when we are overcrowded.

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THE LACE HOUSE

SPECIAL SALE.

10,000 dozen Chenille at 10c.
1,000 skein German Knitting Yarn, 60c a skein.
10,000 dozen Arrasene at 1c.
Great Bargains in Hosiery, Kid and Woolen Underwear.

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YOU CAN BE CURED

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Dalles City Water Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received until 2 P. M. Saturday, March 1, 1890, by the Board of Water Commissioners of Dalles City, for the purchase of 200 bonds of $500 each, $100,000 in the aggregate:
$25,000 payable in five years.
$25,000 payable in ten years.
$25,000 payable in fifteen years.
$25,000 payable in twenty years.
Each bidder must state the lowest rate of interest at which the bonds will be taken, at not less than their face value, and for cash in hand; interest payable annually. Bids should be addressed to the Secretary Board of Water Commissioners, The Dalles, Oregon, and envelopes endorsed Proposal for Water Bonds.

The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. M. F. NOLAN, Secretary of Board of Water Commissioners, The Dalles, Oregon.

HENRY BERGER,
49 Ash Street.
PAINTER AND DECORATOR.
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WALL : PAPER, : INGRAINS, : ETC.

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THE TAILOR HAS NOW A

Suits made to order, from $
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HALL'S HAIR RENEWER

Cleanses and restores Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Never Fails to Restore Hair to the Scalp when the Roots are not entirely Destroyed. Cures Dandruff and Itching Humors.

CHILBLAINS positively cured by Dr. Bernstein's Chilblain Cure. 125 Front st., Portland, Or. Steam, Surgeon Chiropodist. Electric Massage Parlors, room 13. For sale by all druggists. Price, per bottle, 25c. Consultation free.

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Jersey Waists

$1.50—Reduced from $5 and $6 to $3.50

ALSO A LARGE LOT OF

Black Lace Flouncings Below Cost

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A Sketch of the Famous Naval Hero. By Admiral Porter.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S OREGONIAN

VOL. XXIX.—NO.

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Picture Frames.
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All varieties Patent Teeth, Silver-Steel X-Cut Saws; Diamond, Dexter and the great Wonder, $1 per foot. Warranted.

Over 3,000 in Northwest. having teeth one-half time in Saws made of

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For your Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. It is the only establishment in the Northwest where they are manufactured on thoroughly scientific principles. Lenses ground, if necessary, to correct each particular case. No visual defect where glasses are required too complicated for us. We guarantee our fitting to be absolutely perfect. Our new optometer, an instrument to measure the strength of the eye, is the most complete, the best that science has produced, and is the only one ever invented that will give the exact amount of imperfection in one's sight. REED & MALCOLM, Scientific Opticians,

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